MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY KODAIKANAL – 624 102

M.Sc. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Syllabus (With Effect from 2021)



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

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MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY KODAIKANAL

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) (2021-2022 ONWARDS)

M.Sc. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (M.Sc. IT)

1. About the Programme

Master of Science in Information Technology (M.Sc. IT) is a 2-year post-graduate programme. It aims to provide theoretical as well as practical knowledge on topics like software development, data mining, computer systems, analytics etc. This programme is designed to help students explore different types of technology and the way in which information is created exchanged and stored. The M.Sc. IT programme enables the students in providing knowledge of programming, implementation of common data structures using OOP principles in C++ and ADTs. Students may learn how to write code and can explore areas such as information security software applications system design and databases.

The programme offers a broad technical understanding of current and evolving technologies in the IT field. The emphasis of the programme is moving technology from the laboratory to the realm of business development and provides job opportunities in a broader spectrum in the following areas: Senior Network Engineer, Security Consultant (IT), Software Test Lead, Technical Consultant, Senior Software Programmer, Software Product Manager and still ore.

2. Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO1: Create a strong IT foundation towards professional career or entrepreneurship

PEO2: Implement computing solutions in the real world problems

PEO3: Equip and apply research on new innovations in IT

PEO4: Pertain knowledge on societal impacts of Information Technology

PEO5: Construct Strong Communication and broad knowledge of global perspectives in IT

3. Eligibility: B.Sc. CS / B.C.A. / B.Sc. IT

4. General Guidelines for PG Programme

- i. **Duration:** The programme shall extend through a period of 4 consecutive semesters and the duration of a semester shall normally be 90 days or 450 hours. Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester for the respective subjects.
- ii. Medium of Instruction: English

iii. **Evaluation:** Evaluation of the candidates shall be through Internal Assessment and External Examination.

• Evaluation Pattern

Evaluation	The	eory	Practical			
Pattern	ttern Min		Min	Max		
Internal	13	25	13	25		
External	38	75	38	75		

• Internal (Theory): Test (15) + Assignment (5) + Seminar/Quiz(5) = 25

• External Theory: 75

• Question Paper Pattern for External examination for all course papers.

Max. Marks: 75 Time: 3 Hrs.

S. No.	Part	Туре	Marks
1	A	10*1 Marks=10	10
		Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs): 2 questions from each Unit	
2	В	5*4=20	20
		Two questions from each Unit with Internal Choice (either / or)	
3	С	3*15=45 Open Choice: Any three questions out of 5 : one question from each	45
		unit	
		Total Marks	75

^{*} Minimum credits required to pass: 90

• Project Report

A student should select a topic for the Project Work at the end of the third semester itself and submit the Project Report at the end of the fourth semester. The Project Report shall not exceed 75 typed pages in Times New Roman font with 1.5 line space.

• Project Evaluation

There is a Viva Voce Examination for Project Work. The Guide and an External Examiner shall evaluate and conduct the Viva Voce Examination. The Project Work carries 100 marks (Internal: 25 Marks; External (Viva): 75 Marks).

5. Conversion of Marks to Grade Points and Letter Grade (Performance in a Course/Paper)

Range of	Grade Points	Letter Grade	Description
Marks			

90 – 100	9.0 - 10.0	О	Outstanding
80-89	8.0 - 8.9	D+	Excellent
75-79	7.5 - 7.9	D	Distinction
70-74	7.0 - 7.4	A+	Very Good
60-69	6.0 - 6.9	A	Good
50-59	5.0 - 5.9	В	Average
00-49	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

6. Attendance

Students must have earned 75% of attendance in each course for appearing for the examination. Students with 71% to 74% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form with prescribed fee. Students with 65% to 70% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students with attendance lesser than 65% are not eligible to appear for the examination and they shall re-do the course with the prior permission of the Head of the Department, Principal and the Registrar of the University.

7. Maternity Leave

The student who avails maternity leave may be considered to appear for the examination with the approval of Staff i/c, Head of the Department, Controller of Examination and the Registrar.

8. Any Other Information

In addition to the above mentioned regulations, any other common regulations pertaining to the PG Programmes are also applicable for this Programme.

Programme Outcomes (POs): On completion of the programme, the students will

PO1: Understand and apply mathematical formulation, networking & domain knowledge for computing systems

PO2: Ability to identify, analyse and formulate complex computing problems

PO3: Implement modern computing tools and techniques in real world problems

PO4: Engage in independent and life-long learning for professional development.

PO5: Identify & Recognize societal & environmental concern involved in the use of IT

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs):

On completion of the programme, the students will be able to

PSO1: Analyze the appropriate IT infrastructure required for project implementation

PSO2: Design, develop and test software solutions for solving real world problems

PSO3: Explore and apply technical knowledge for societal development

PSO4: Ability to manage and handle networking issues in computing systems

Pushpad

M.Sc. IT CURRICULUM

		SEMESTER -						
S.N	Course	Course Title	Credits	Hou	ırs	Int	Ext	Total
O	Code			L	P			
1	P21ITT11	Core 1 : Advanced Java Programming	4	5	-	25	75	100
2	P21ITT12	Core 2 : Data Structures and Algorithms	4	5	-	25	75	100
3	P21ITT13	Core 3 : Network And Internet Security	4	5	-	25	75	100
4	P21ITT14	Core 4: Advanced Computer Architecture	4	5	-	25	75	100
5	P21ITP11	Core 5: Advanced JAVA Programming & Data Structures and Algorithms Lab	4	ı	6	25	75	100
6	P21CSS11	Supportive Course I: Computer Skills for Web Designing and Video Editing	2	-	4	25	75	100
			22	30)			600
		Semester II				1		
7	P21ITT21	Core 6: Python Programming	4	5	-	25	75	100
8	P21ITT22	Core 7: Artificial Intelligence	4	5	-	25	75	100
9	P21ITT23	Core 8: Data Mining and Warehousing	4	4	-	25	75	100
10	P21ITT24	Core 9: Distributed Computing	4	4	-	25	75	100
11	P21ITP22	Core 10: Python & Data Mining Lab	4	-	6	25	75	100
12	NME	Non-Major Elective: Python Programming / C Programming / Photo Designing	4	4	-	25	75	100
13	P21ITS22	Supportive Course – 2: Web Programming	2	-	2	25	75	100
		Trogramming	26	30)			700
	1	Semester III						
14	P21ITT31	Core 11: Digital Image Processing	4	4	 -	25	75	100
15	P21ITT32	Core 12: Client Server Computing	4	4	_	25	75	100
16	P21ITT33	Core 13: Big Data Analytics	4	4	-	25	75	100
17	P21ITT34	Core 14: Internet of Things	4	4	-	25	75	100
18	P21ITP33	Core 15: Digital Image Processing Lab	4	-	6	25	75	100
19	P21ITP34	Core 16: PHP with MYSQL Lab	4	-	6	25	75	100
20	P21WSS33	Supportive Course – 3: Women Empowerment	2	2	-	25	75	100
		•	26	30				700

		Semester IV						
21	P21ITE411	Elective 1	4	4	-	25	75	100
	P21ITE412	1. Object Oriented Analysis and						
	P21ITE413	Design						
		2. Information & System Security						
		3. Computational Linguistics						
22	P21ITE421	Elective 2	4	4	-	25	75	100
	P21ITE422	1. Cloud Computing						
	P21ITE423	2. Soft Computing						
		3. Wireless Sensor Networks						
23	P21ITR41	Major Project	8	22	1	25	75	100
			16	30)			300
		Total	90	12	0			2300

Non-Major Elective

The candidates who have joined the PG Programme, can also undergo Non Major Elective offered by other Departments.

Non-Major Electives (NME) offered by Department of Computer Science:

S.No.	Course code	Non-Major Elective Courses
1	P21ITN211	C Programming
2	P21ITN212	Photo Designing
3	P21ITN213	Big Data Analytics
4	P21ITN214	Digital Image Processing
5	P21ITN215	Mobile Computing
6	P21ITN216	Data Communication and Networking
7	P21ITN217	Cloud Computing

Additional Credit Courses:

P21ITV11	Soft Computing Lab	I Semester – 2 Credits
P21ITI21	Internship	II Semester – 2 Credits
P21ITO31	MOOC	III Semester – 2 Credits
P21ITV42	Big Data Analytics Lab	IV Semester – 2 Credits

Programme Outcomes (POs):

On completion of the programme, the students will

PO1: Understand and apply mathematical formulation, networking & domain knowledge for computing systems

PO2: Ability to identify, analyse and formulate complex computing problems

PO3: Implement modern computing tools and techniques in real world problems

PO4: Engage in independent and life-long learning for professional development.

PO5: Identify & Recognize societal & environmental concern involved in the use of IT

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs):

On completion of the programme, the students will be able to

PSO1: Analyze the appropriate IT infrastructure required for project implementation

PSO2: Design, develop and test software solutions for solving real world problems

PSO3: Explore and apply technical knowledge for societal development

PSO4: Ability to manage and handle networking issues in computing systems

Insupad

SEMESTER I

COURSE CODE	P21ITT11	ADVANCED JA	L 5	Т	P	С		
COR	E -I	TID VILLOED SILVILLI ROCKENINING				0	0	4
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Ana	lyze	•		
Course Objectives	 To k prog To le To le To le 	Inderstand the Basic Program, how to import us ram and string methods. earn about the Input/outpearn about the Abstract Wearn about the Applet part of Method Invocation, J	er defined package ut, Networking pack Vindowing Toolkit. ckage classes, meth	e, to create	and	met		

UNIT I: Applets

Applet Fundamental – Applet Class – Applet Life Cycle – Steps for Developing An Applet Program - Passing Values Through Parameters - Graphics In An Applet-Event Handling.

UNIT II : GUI Applications:

Graphical User Interface - Creating Windows - Dialog Boxes-Layout Managers - AWT Component Classes - Swing Component Classes - Event Handling - AWT graphics classes.

UNIT III: Networking:

Basics Of Networking - Networking In Java - Socket Programming Using TCP/IP - Socket Programming Using UDP - URL And INET Address Classes.

Java Database Connectivity: Types Of Drivers - JDBC Architecture - JDBC Classes And Interfaces - Basic Steps In Developing JDBC Applications - Creating A New Database And Table With JDBC.

UNIT IV: Servlets:

Basics – Advantages Over Applets – Servlet Alternatives –Servlet Strengths - Servlet Architecture - Servlet Life Cycle - Generic Servlet - Http Servlet - Passing Parameters To Servlet – Server - Side Include – Cookies – Filters - Security Issues.

UNIT V: Java Server Pages:

Overview – JSP and HTTP – JSP Engines – Working Of JSP – Anatomy Of A JSP Page - JSP Syntax - Creating A Simple JSP Page - Components Of Java Server Pages - Implicit Objects – Client Side Validation Using JavaScript - Handling Request And Response.

Text Books(S):

- 1. Herbert Schildt -Java The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill Education, 10thEdition, New York, 2017
- 2. S.Horstmann, Core JAVA, Addison Wesley, 11th Edition, 2018.

Reference Books

- 1. Uttam K.Roy Advanced Java Programming Oxford University Press, 2017
- 2. Core and Advanced Java, Black Book Dream tech Press, 2017

COURSE OUCOMES

CO1 : Define the Applet fundamentals, GUI applications and AWT components.	K 1
CO2: Discuss about Networking in java and Java database connectivity.	K2
CO3: Understand the concept of Servlets.	K2
CO4: Understand the concepts JSP and HTTP	K3
CO5 : Discuss about the Web programming on client side and server side.	K4

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	M	S	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

5	10		4					
		0	4					
yze	•							
To introduce algorithm analysis framework for recursive and non-recursive algorithms								
ipp]								
	p	on-rec						

UNIT I: Trees:

Heaps – Binary Search Trees – Selection Trees – Forests – Representation of Disjoint Sets – Counting Binary Trees.

Graphs: The Graph Abstract Data type – Elementary Graph Operations – Minimum Cost Spanning Trees – Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure – Activity Networks.

UNIT II: Hashing:

Introduction – Static hashing – Dynamic hashing – Bloom filters.

Priority Queues: Single and Double ended priority queues – Left Trees – Binomial Heaps Fibonacci Heaps – Pairing Heaps – Symmetric Min – Max Heaps – Interval Heaps.

UNIT III: Efficient binary search trees:

Optimal Binary Search Trees - AVL Trees - Red-Black Trees - Splay Trees. **Multiway Search Trees**: m-way Search Trees - B-Trees - B⁺-Trees.

UNIT IV: Dynamic Programming:

The General Method – Multistage graphs – All-pairs shortest paths – Single - source shortest paths – Optimal binary search trees – string editing – 0/1 knapsack – reliability design – The Travelling Salesperson problem – flow shop scheduling.

Basic Traversal and Search Techniques: Techniques for Binary Trees – Techniques for Graphs – Connected Components and Spanning Trees – Bi connected Components and DFS.

UNIT V: Backtracking:

The General Method – The 8 - Queens Problem – Sum of subsets –Graph coloring – Hamiltonian cycles – Knapsack problem.

Branch and Bound: The Method -0/1 Knapsack problem - Traveling Salesperson (*) - Efficiency Considerations.

Text Books:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms — University Press(India) Private Limited, Second Edition, Reprinted, 2017.

2. Adam Drozdek ,"Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", fourth edition Cengage Learning, August 2012

Reference Books:

- 1. Alfred V.Aho, John E.Hopcraft and Jeffrey D.Ullman -Data Structures and Algorithms, Pearson Education, Fourteenth Impression, 2013.
- 2. S.Sridhar -Design and Analysis of Algorithms –, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 3. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, David M. Mount,"Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2011.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Apply the dynamic structures—trees, graph and discuss the application of these structures in finding simplified solutions
 CO2: Understand the hashing, priority queues and its application
 CO3: Implement binary search tree, balanced tree and multi-way indexed tree
 CO4: Solve problems using dynamic programming and apply traversal techniques of trees and graphs
- CO5: Analyze and solve problems using backtracking and branch-and-bound technique K4.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITT13	NETWORK AND		L	T	P	С		
CORE	–III	NEI WORK AND I	NETWORK AND INTERNET SECURITY						
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analy							
Course Objectives	To und EncrypTo learTo lear	ly features of Network Secenstand the security concestion techniques. In about the Firewalls and in about the services and continuous the security concession to the security concession the security conc	epts of algorithms a their concepts omponents.	and					

UNIT I: Security in Network:

Model for Security: Threats in Networks, Stealing Passwords, Social Engineering, Bugs and Backdoors, Authentication Failures, Protocol Failure, Information Leakage - Elementary Cryptography: Terminology and Background, Cryptography and network security. Concepts of Encryption and Decryption. Cryptanalysis, Substation Cipher. Transpositions Good and Secure Encryption Algorithm. Trust worthy Encryption systems Data encryption standards (DES) and Advanced Encryption Standards (AES) Comparison of DES and AES.

UNIT II: Classical Encryption Technique

Symmetric and Asymmetric Encryption Systems, Stream and Block Ciphers, Contemporary Symmetric Ciphers, Confidentiality using Symmetric Encryption - Public Key Encryption and HASH Functions: Public Key Cryptography and RSA, Message Authentication and Hash Function, Hash Algorithms, Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols.

UNIT III: Firewalls

Basic Concepts (for understanding the firewalls rules): TCP Segment format IP Datagram format. Introduction: Kinds of Firewalls, Packet Filters. Packet Filtering. Dynamic Packet Filters. Application-Level Filtering. Circuit-Level Gateways, Firewall Configurations, Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) Networks, Distributed Firewalls, Limitation of Firewalls. Filtering Services: Reasonable Services to Filter (Filter Rules to be applied): DNS, Web, FTP, NTP. DNS (Domain Name Server): DNS overview, Protocol overview, Hierarchal Structure, Root Servers, Practical Experience. DNS Security: Unpatched Servers, Misconfigured Servers. DNS Cache Poisoning: Denial of Service Attack. Distributed Denial of Service Attack. Luring Users into a Crafted Site.

UNIT IV: Web Security

Overview of Web Server Security. Goal of Server Attack. Web site defacement. Data corruption. Data Theft. Types of Attacks. Web Server Protection. FTP (File Transfer Protocol) SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol). NTP (Network Time Protocol), Intrusion detection systems: Types of IDSs. Goal for Intrusion Detection systems, IDS Strength and Limitation. Electronic Mail Security: Security for E-mail. Designs, Example of Secure E- mail Systems, Pretty Good Privacy (PGP): How PGP works? S/MIME (Secure Multipurpose Mail Extension): MIME overview. S/MIME functionality.

UNIT V: Wireless Application Protocol Security (WAP)

Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM) How PEM works? Secure Socket Layer (SSL): The Position of SSL in TCP/IP Protocol Suite. How SSL Works? The Handshake Protocol - The Record Protocol. The Alert Protocol - Wireless Application Protocol Security (WAP): The WAP Stack. The Security Layer-Wireless Transport Layer Security (WTLS). IP Security: Introduction and Overview: IPSec Protocols. The Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Protocol. Security Association (SA), Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), IPSec Key Management.

Text Books:

- 1. William Stallings- "Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and practices", Third Edition, Pearson, 2002.
- 2. Atul Kahate -"Cryptography and Network Security", , McGraw Hill Education India, 2013.
- 3. Bragg, Rhodes-Ousley -"The complete Reference Network Security", McGraw-Hill Professional, 2012.
- 4. Wenliang Du, Computer & Internet Security: A Hands-on Approach 2nd Edition, 2nd edition, 2019.
- 5. C.P.Pfleeger, and S. L. Pfleeger, "Security in Computing", Pearson Education, 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Matt Bishop, iComputer Security: Art and Scienceî, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. J. Michael Stewart, "Network Security, Firewalls And VPNs", Jones & Bartlett Learning; 2nd Edition 2013.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Learn about Network security services and mechanisms. K1

CO2: Understand Encryption technique and Firewalls. K2

CO3: Understand Data integrity, Authentication, Digital Signatures. K2

CO4: Various network security applications, IPSec, Firewall, IDS K3

CO5: Web security, Email security, WAP and Malicious software etc K4

Mapping of COS with POs and PSOs

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	M	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITT14			L	T	P	C		
CORE	-IV	ADVANCED COMP	ADVANCED COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE						
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Ana						
Course Objectives	To undTo learTo lear	y the Advanced Compute erstand the theories of Par n about the microprocesso n about the Network Propo n and develop cost effective	callel Computing or and their properties erties						

UNIT I: Parallel computer models:

The state of computing - Multiprocessors and multi-computers - Shared Memory Multi Computers: Uniform Memory Access - Non-uniform Memory Access (NUMA). **Multivector and SIMD computers:** Vector Supercomputers - SIMD Supercomputers - PRAM and VLSI Models - Evolution of Parallel Computers.

UNIT II: Program and Network properties:

Data and resource dependencies - Conditions of parallelism - Program partitioning and scheduling - program flow mechanisms - system interconnect architectures.

UNIT III: Processors and memory hierarchy:

Advanced processor Technology – Super scalar and vector processors – Linear Pipeline Processors – Nonlinear pipeline Processors.

UNIT IV: Multiprocessors and Multi-computers:

Multiprocessor System interconnects – Message Passing Mechanisms – SIMD Computer Organizations – The Connection Machine CM 5 – Fine-Grain Multi-computers.

UNIT V: Software for Parallel Programming:

Parallel Programming Models – Parallel Languages and Compilers – Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays.

Text Books:

- 1. Kai Hwang, "Advanced Computer Architecture", McGraw-Hill International Edn., Singapore, 1993.
- 2. David A. Patterson, John L. Hennessy, David Goldberg, "Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach", 2nd Edition Hardcover, 760 pages Published by Morgan Kaufman Publishers Publication date: January 1996

Reference Books:

1. Kai Hwang and Faye A.Briggs, "Computer Architecture and Parallel Processing", McGraw-Hill International Editions, Singapore, 1985.

2. Michael J.Quinn, "Parallel Computing, Theory and Practice", McGraw-Hill International Edn., Singapore, 1994.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1:** Recall the classes of computers, and new trends and developments in computer architecture K1.
- CO2: Understand multithreading by using ILP and supporting thread-level parallelism (TLP) K2.
- CO3: Understand pipelining, instruction set architectures, memory addressing K2
- **CO4:** Understand symmetric shared-memory architectures and their performanceK2.
- **CO5**: Analyze and Design the additional topics in computer architecture, such as multi-core processors, thread-level parallelism, and warehouse computing K3, K4.

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	M	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE CORI	P21ITP11 E –V	ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING & DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS LAB	L 0	T 0	P 6	C 4
Cognitiv	e Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4:	Ana	lyze		
Course Ol	ojectives:	 To Understand the Basic Programming Concep To know, how to import user defined packar create thread program and string med Networking package classes and methods. To learn about the Abstract Windowing Toolking package classes, methods To learn about the Basic Concepts of Remote Management Invocation, JDBC and Servlets To learn the various hashing techniques, hash queen problems using Backtracking. Impackage problems using Branch and bound. 	ethod t, Ap Meth hing,	to ls, oplet and mer	ging	

Java List:

- 1. Write a Program to display life cycle of an applet
- 2. Write a Program to display digital clock using applet
- 3. Write a Program to display different graphical shapes in applet
- 4. Write a Program to display graphical bar chart by passing parameters in applet
- 5. Write an Applet which will play two sound notes in a sequence continuously use the play () methods available in the applet class and the methods in the Audio clip interface.
- 6. Write a Program to find factorial value of N using AWT high level event handling
- 7. Write a Program to illustrate window closing using AWT low level event handling.
- 8. Write a Program to illustrate TCP based network communication.
- 9. Write a Program to illustrate UDP based network communication.
- 10. Write a Program to find sum of digits using RMI
- 11. Write a Program to find length of the given string using RMI
- 12. Write a program in JAVA to implement a Client/Server application using RMI.
- 13. Write a Program using HTML/Javascript to find length of the given string.
- 14. Write a Program using HTML/Javascript to find biggest element of an array

- 15. Write a Program to compute factorial value of N using Generic Servlet
- 16. Write a Program to compute factorial value of N using HTTP Servlet
- 17. Use JDBC connectivity and create Table, insert and update data.
- 18. Write a program in Java to create a Cookie and set the expiry time of the same.
- 19. Write a program in Java to create Servlet to count the number of visitors to a webpage.
- 20. Write a program in Java to create a form and validate a password using Servlet.
- 21. Develop a Java Bean to demonstrate the use of the same.
- 22. Write a program in Java to convert an image in RGB to a Grayscale image.
- 23. Write a program to Develop Chat Server using JAVA.

Data Structures and Algorithms List:

1. Write a program for the Implementation of Stack

Using Array

Using Linked List

2. Write a program for the Implementation of Queue

Using Array

Using Linked List

- 3. Write a program for the Implementation of Heap Tree.
- 4. Write a program for the Implementation of Tree Traversal.
- 5. Write a program for the Implementation of BFS.
- 6. Write a program for the Implementation of DFS.
- 7. Write a program for the Implementation of Merge Sort using Divide and Conquer.
- 8. Write a program for the Implementation of Knapsack Problem using Dynamic Programming.
- 9. Write a program for the Implementation of Warshall's Algorithm using Dynamic Programming.
- 10. Write a program for the Implementation of Floyd's Algorithm using Dynamic Programming.
- 11. Write a program for the Implementation of Dijkstra's Algorithm using Greedy Technique.
- 12. Write a program for the Implementation of Prim's Algorithm using Greedy Technique.
- 13. Write a program for the Implementation of n-queens Problem using Backtracking.

14. Write a program for the Implementation of Assignment Problem using Branch and bound.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1**: Recall the dynamic structures using Applets and find the simplified solutions K1
- CO2: Understand the Program to to illustrate TCP based network communication. K2
- CO3: Design the hashing priority queues & its application and to implement the binary search tree, balanced tree and multi-way indexed tree K3
- CO4: Apply to Solve problems using dynamic programming and apply traversal techniques of trees and graphs K3
- CO5: Analyze and solve problems using backtracking and branch-and-bound technique. K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

SEMESTER - II

COURSE CODE	P21ITT21			L	T	P	С					
CORE	–VI	PYTHON PI		5	0	0	4					
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analy										
Course Objectives		 To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers. To learn how to design the Python applications. 										
		• To learn how to use lists, tuples, and dictionaries in Python programs.										
		To learn how to use recursive solution for the problems. To learn how to identify Python object types.										

UNIT I: Python Programming: An Introduction

IDLE an Interpreter for Python, Python Strings, Relational Operators, Logical Operators, Bitwise Operators, Variables and Assignment Statements, Keywords, Script Mode. **Functions:** Built-in Functions, Function Definition and Call, Importing User-defined Module, Assert Statement, Command Line Arguments. **Control Structures -** if Conditional Statement, Iteration (for and while Statements).

UNIT II: Scope

Objects and Object IDs, Scope of Objects and Names. Strings: Strings, String Processing Examples, Pattern Matching. Mutable and Immutable Objects – Lists, Sets, Tuples, Dictionary.

UNIT III: Recursion

Recursive Solutions for Problems on Numeric Data, Recursive Solutions for Problems on Strings, Recursive Solutions for Problems on Lists, Problem of Tower of Hanoi. **Files and Exceptions:** File Handling, Writing Structures to a File, Errors and Exceptions, Handling Exceptions Using try...except, File Processing Example.

UNITIV: Classes I

Classes and Objects, Person: An Example of Class, Class as Abstract Data Type, Date Class. Classes II - Polymorphism, Encapsulation, Data Hiding, and Data Abstraction, Modifier and Accessor Methods, Static Method, Adding Methods Dynamically, Composition, Inheritance, Built-in Functions for Classes.

UNIT V: Graphics

2D Graphics, Animation – Bouncing Ball. **Applications of Python-** Collecting Information from Twitter, Sharing Data Using Sockets, Managing Databases using Structured Query Language (SQL), Developing Mobile Application for Android, Integrating Java with Python.

Text Books:

1. Sheetal Taneja, Naveen Kumar Python Programming a Modular Approach with Graphics, Database, Mobile, and Web Applications—Pearson Publication, 2018.

Reference Books:

- 1. Reema Thareja Python Programming –,Oxford University Press, 2017
- 2. Lambert -Fundamentals of Python Programming, Cengage Publications, 2017
- 3. E. Balagurusamy Problem Solving using Python, Mc Graw Hill Education Ltd., 2017.
- 4. Dieter Uckelmann; Mark Harrison; Florian Michahelles Architecting the Internet of Things, (Eds.) Springer, 2011.
- 5. Oliver Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, Wiley The Internet of Things, Key Applications and Protocols, , 2017

Course Outcomes

CO1: Describe the basic concepts of python programming, Functions and control structures K1

CO2: Understand Strings, Mutable and immutable objects K2

CO3: Understand Recursion and Files and exception K3

CO4: Discuss classes, objects, polymorphism, encapsulation and inheritance K3

CO5: Apply python for collecting information from twitter, sharing data using sockets, managing database, and mobile application for android K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITT22	ADTIFICIAL		7	L	T	P	C	
CORE	–VII	ARTIFICIALI	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 5						
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	lyze	;					
Course Objectives	 system To have write so written To have blind be to have play and to have the ha	re a basic proficiency in a trisimple intermediate programment in that language. The an understanding of the boy heuristic search are an understanding of to a important role in AI programment as a basic understanding of segundary and a processing of the anguage processing in the area of the ar	aditional AI langums and an abilitonal and an abilitonal as a consideration and a cons	nage includi y to unders owledge repri imax, resoluted topics	ng a stand reservation	n ab d the ntati n, et I suc	ility e co on a c. th	to de nd	

UNIT I: Introduction:

Introduction - Intelligent Agents- Problem Solving - by Searching - Informed Search and Exploration - Constraint Satisfaction Problems - Adversarial Search

UNIT II: Reasoning:

Knowledge and Reasoning - Logical Agents - First-Order Logic - Inference in First-Order Logic - Knowledge Representation

UNIT III: Planning:

Planning – Planning and Acting in the Real World - Uncertain knowledge and reasoning - Uncertainty - Probabilistic Reasoning - Probabilistic Reasoning Over Time - Making Simple Decisions - Making Complex Decisions

UNIT IV: Learning:

Learning - Learning from Observations - Knowledge in Learning - Statistical Learning Methods - Reinforcement Learning

UNIT V: Communication:

Communicating, Perceiving, and Acting - Communication - Probabilistic Language Processing - Perception - Robotics

Text Books

- **1.** David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth, -Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents, Cambridge University Press, 2010
- **2.** . Bratko, Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Fourth Edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011.

Reference Books:

- 1. Nils J. Nilsson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Narosa Publication, 1980.
- 2. Patrick H.Winston, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 1992.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** To expose the students the fundamental concepts of Artificial Intelligence and its applications. K1
- CO2: Understanding about the basic concepts of Software agents and representation of knowledge K2
- **CO3:** Demonstrate awareness and a fundamental understanding of various applications of AI techniques in intelligent agents, expert systems, artificial neural networks and other machine learning models. K2
- **CO4:** Apply basic principles of AI in solutions that require problem solving, inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning. K3
- **CO5:** Demonstrate fundamental understanding of the history of artificial intelligence (AI) and its foundations. K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITT23	DATA MINING A	L	T	P	С					
CORE	-VIII	DATA MINING A	IND WARE HOU	SING	4	0	0	4			
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	yze	;							
Course Objectives	To discoTo studyTo expo	e the students to understar over the knowledge in the y algorithms for finding the se the students on the con- ementation and to study the	high dimensional sale hidden interesting cepts of Data ware	system. g patterns in shousing Arch	data nite	a. cture	.	3			
	-	mining, Text mining, Big Data Mining Tools of Data mining.									

UNIT-I: Introduction to Data Warehousing:

Evolution of Decision Support Systems-Data Warehousing Components—Building a Data Warehouse, Data Warehouse and DBMS, Data Marts, Metadata, Multidimensional Data Model, OLAP vs. OLTP, OLAP Operations, Data Cubes, Schemas for Multidimensional Database: Stars, Snow flakes and Fact Constellations.

UNIT-II: Data Warehouse Process and Architecture:

Types of OLAP Servers,3—Tier Data Warehouse Architecture, Distributed and Virtual Data Warehouses. Data Warehouse Implementation, Tuning and Testing of Data Warehouse. Data Staging (ETL) Design and Development, Data Warehouse Visualization, Data Warehouse Deployment, Maintenance, Growth, Business Intelligence Overview - Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence Trends- Business Applications – Tools – SAS.

UNIT-III: Introduction to Data Mining:

Data Mining - KDD versus Data Mining, Stages of the Data Mining Process- Task Primitives, Data Mining Techniques - Data Mining Knowledge Representation - Data Mining Query Languages, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Data Warehouse - Issues, Data preprocessing - Data Cleaning, Data Transformation, Feature Selection, Dimensionality Reduction, Discretization and Generating Concept Hierarchies-Mining Frequent Patterns Association-Correlation.

UNIT-IV: Classification and Clustering

Decision Tree Induction - Bayesian Classification - Rule Based Classification - Classification by Back Propagation - Support Vector Machines - Associative Classification - Lazy Learners - Other Classification Methods - Clustering techniques - Partitioning Methods - k-means - Hierarchical Methods-Distance - based Agglomerative and Divisible Clustering, Density - Based Methods - Expectation Maximization - Grid Based Methods - Model - Based Clustering Methods - Constraint -Based Cluster Analysis - Outlier Analysis.

UNIT-V Trends of Datamining and Big Data Mining:

Introduction to Big Data-Case Studies on Big Data Mining Tools: Apache Hadoop, Apache Mahout and R-Mining Complex Data Objects, Spatial Databases, Temporal Databases, Multimedia Databases, Time Series and Sequence Data; Text Mining – Web Mining-

Application and Trends in Data Mining.

Text Book(s):

- 1. Jiawei Han and Micheline Kamber,—Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques I, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Third Edition, 2011.
- 2. Paul Zikopoulos, Chris Eaton, Dirk De Roos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, —Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media, First Edition, 2011.

Reference Book(s):

- 1. Pang-Ning Tan ,Michael Steinbach, Anuj Karpatne, Vipin Kumar," Introduction to Data Mining", Pearson; 2nd edition 2018.
- 2. Parteek Bhatia, "Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Principles and Practical Techniques", Cambridge University Press 2019
- 3. Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in RI, Springer, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Recall the introductory concepts, issues and Types of attributes of Data Mining K1.
- CO2: Apply the methods of Pre processing, Data Cleaning and implementation of Data Warehouse K2.
- CO3: Understand the methods of Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations K2,
- CO4: Design and evaluate Classification algorithms K4
- **CO5:** Analyze and Design the Cluster Analysis and categorize the Cluster Methods K3, K4...

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	M	S	S	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE CORE	P21ITT24	DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING				T 0	P 0	C 4
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analy	ze			
Course Objectives	To get kTo get kreplicationTo analy	de hardware and software nowledge in distributed an nowledge in distributed co on, fault tolerance, securit tze the current popular dis- tze peer-to-peer systems	cchitecture. computing synchron y, and distributed f tributed systems	ization, consis				

UNIT I: Introduction to Distributed System:

Goals, Hardware concepts, Software concepts, and Client - Server model. Examples of distributed systems.

Communication: Layered protocols, Remote procedures call, Remote object invocation, Message – oriented communication, Stream-oriented communication.

UNIT II: Processes:

Threads, Clients, Servers, Code Migration, Software agent.

Naming: Naming entities, Locating mobile entities, Removing un-referenced entities.

UNIT III: Synchronization:

Clock synchronization, Logical clocks, Global state, Election algorithms, Mutual exclusion, Distributed transactions.

Consistency and Duplication: Introduction, Data centric consistency models, Client centric consistency models, Distribution protocols, Consistency protocols.

UNIT IV: Fault Tolerance:

Introduction, Process resilience, Reliable client server communication, Reliable group communication. Distributed commit, Recovery.

Security: Introduction, Secure channels, Access control, Security management.

UNIT V: Distributed File System:

Sun network file system, CODA files system. Case Study: CORBA, Distributed COM, Globe, Comparison of CORBA, DCOM, and Globe.

Text Book(S):

- 1. A.D.Kshemkalyani, M.Singhal, Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms, and Systems, ISBN: 9780521189842, Cambridge University Press, March 2011.
- 2. S.Tanenbaum and M. V. Steen, "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.

Reference Book(s):

1. G.Coulouris, J.Dollimore, and T.Kindberg - Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design, 5th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Describe the introductory concepts of Distributed Systems, Types of Communication K1

CO2: Explain the Types of Processes and entities K2

CO3: Discuss Synchronization and Consultancy of Distributed Systems K3

CO4: Describe Fault Tolerance and Security Issues of Distributed Systems K3

CO5: Summarize Distributed File System and Case Study K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

P21ITP22	PYTHON & DATA MINING LAB				Т	P	С
E -X					0	6	4
e Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	nalyz	ze	
ojectives				1			
	 To design the Python applications for lists, tuples, dictionaries and object types 						
	 To Implementation and write a program to develop an areas like Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data mining. 						
	P21ITP22 E -X e Level ojectives	PYTE -X E Level K1: Recall Ojectives To prescription To defend and of the second of the second archives To In like W	PYTHON & DATA MI E -X E Level K1: Recall K2: Understand To prepare Python programs scripting language for devel To design the Python apple and object types Solve a program to find the To expose the students on Architecture To Implementation and we like Web mining, Text min	PYTHON & DATA MINING LAB E Level K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply To prepare Python program with the usefur scripting language for developers. To design the Python applications for lists, and object types Solve a program to find the hidden interesting the students on the concepts of Architecture To Implementation and write a program to like Web mining, Text mining, Classification	PYTHON & DATA MINING LAB E Level K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: A	PYTHON & DATA MINING LAB E Level K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze bjectives To prepare Python program with the useful scripting language for developers. To design the Python applications for lists, tuples, diction and object types Solve a program to find the hidden interesting patterns in To expose the students on the concepts of Data warehout Architecture To Implementation and write a program to develop an analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write a program to develop and analike Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data warehout and write	PYTHON & DATA MINING LAB E Level K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze • To prepare Python program with the useful scripting language for developers. • To design the Python applications for lists, tuples, dictionarie and object types • Solve a program to find the hidden interesting patterns in data • To expose the students on the concepts of Data warehousing Architecture • To Implementation and write a program to develop an areas like Web mining, Text mining, Classification, SVM of Data

Exercise1-Basics

- 1. Write a program for Running instructions in Interactive interpreter and a Python Script
- 2. Write a program to purpose fully raise Indentation Error and Correct it

Exercise 2 - Operations

- 1. Write a program to compute distance between two points taking input from the user (Pythagorean Theorem)
- 2. Write a program add.py that takes 2 numbers as command line arguments and prints it's sum.

Exercise - 3 Control Flow

- 1. Write a Program for checking whether the given number is a even number or not.
- 2. Using a for loop, write a program that prints out the decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, ..., 1/10
- 3. Write a program using a for loop that loops over a sequence. What is sequence?
- 4. Write a program using a while loop that asks the user for a number, and prints a count down from that number to zero.
- 5. Find the sum of all the primes below two million.
- a. Each new term in the Fibonacci sequence is generated by adding the previous two terms. By starting with 1 and 2, the first 10 terms will be:
- b. 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, ...

6. By considering the terms in the Fibonacci sequence whose values do not exceed four million, find the sum of the even - valued terms.

Exercise - 4 - DS

- a) Write a program to count the numbers of characters in the string and store them in a dictionary data structure
- b) Write a program to use split and join methods in the string and trace a birthday with a dictionary data structure.
- c) Write a program combine lists that combines these lists into a dictionary.
- d) Write a program to count frequency of characters in a given file. Can you use character frequency to tell whether the given file is a Python program file, C program file or a text file?

Exercise - 5 Files

- a) Write a program to print each line of a file in reverse order.
- b) Write a program to compute the number of characters, words and lines in a file.

Exercise - 6 Functions

- a) Write a function ball_collide that takes two balls as parameters and computes if they are colliding. Your function should return a Boolean representing whether or not the balls are colliding.
 - Hint: Represent a ball on a plane as a tuple of (x, y, r), r being the radius If (distance between two balls centers) \leq (sum of their radii) then (they are colliding)
- b) Find mean, median, mode for the given set of numbers in a list.
- c) Write a function nearly_equal to test whether two strings are nearly equal. Two strings a and b are nearly equal when a can be generated by a single mutation on b.
- d) Write a function dups to find all duplicates in the list.
- e) Write a function unique to find all the unique elements of a list.

Exercise - 7 - Functions - Problem Solving

- a) Write a function cumulative_product to compute cumulative product of a list of numbers.
- b) Write a function reverse to reverse a list with out, using the reverse function.
- c) Write function to compute GCD, LCM of two numbers. Each function shouldn't exceed one line.

Exercise - 8 - Multi-D Lists

- a) Write a program that defines a matrix and prints
- b) Write a program to perform addition of two square matrices
- c) Write a program to perform multiplication of two square matrices

Exercise - 9 - Modules

- a) Install packages requests, flask and explore them using(pip)
- b) Write a script that imports requests and fetch content from the page.Eg.(Wiki)

c) Write a simple script that serves a simple HTTP Response and a simple HTML Page

Exercise - 10 OOP

- a) Class variables and instance variable and illustration of these If variable
- i) Robot
- ii) ATM Machine

Exercise - 11 - Testing

- a) Write a test-case to check the function even_numbers which return True on passing a list of all even numbers
- b) Write a test-case to check the function reverse_string which returns the reversed string

Exercise - 12 - Advanced

- a) Build any one classical data structure.
- b) Write a program to solve knapsack problem.

Data Mining List:

- 1. Write a program To get the input from user and perform numerical operations (MAX, MIN, AVG, SUM, SORT, ROUND).
- 2. Write a program To perform data import/export(.CSV,.XLS,.TXT)operations using data frames.
- 3. Write a program To get the input matrix from user and perform Matrix addition, subtraction, multiplication, inverse transpose and division operations using vector concept.
- 4. Write a program To perform statistical operations (Mean, Median, Mode and Standard deviation).
- 5. Write a program To perform data pre-processing operations Handling Missing data
 - Min-Max Normalization
- 6. Write a program To perform dimensionality reduction operation using PCA.
- 7. Write a program To perform Simple Linear Regression and Multi Linear Regression.
- 8. Write a program To perform K-Means clustering operation and visualize it.
- 9. Write a program To diagnose any disease using KNN classification.
- 10. Write a program To perform market basket analysis using Apriori algorithm.
- 11. Write a program To perform any of the Decision Tree.
- 12. Write a program To perform Support Vector Machines.
- 13. Write a program To perform any of the Applications of classification for web mining.
- 14. Perform a Case Study on Text Mining or any commercial application.

Course Outcomes

- **CO1:** Apply the basic concepts of python programming, Functions and control structures K1
- CO2: Understand Strings, Mutable and immutable objects K2.
- CO3: Understand Recursion and Files and exception K2
- **CO4:** Analyze the concepts of classes, objects, polymorphism, encapsulation and inheritance K4
- CO5: Analyze and Design the concepts of simple linear regression, KNN, SVM, classification

and Text Mining K3, K4

Mapping of COS with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE	P21ITS22			L	T	P	C
CODE		WEB PROGRAMMING					
SUPPORTIVE COURSE II				-	-	2	2
Cognitive	Level	K1: Recall K2: Understa	nd K3: Apply	K	4: A	naly	ze
Course Ob	jectives	 To demonstrate a XH language for developers 		lude	s Jav	vasci	ript
		To learn to write Perl program to accept UNI command from a HTML form and to display the outp of the command executed					
		 To develop PHP program to store current date-tire COOKIE and display the 'Last visited on' date-to the web page upon reopening of the same page. To develop XHTML form with Name, Address I Address Line 2, and E-mail text fields. On submitting the Write a program to store the values in MySQL table. 				time Line	on
		Retrieve and display the data based on Name.					

- 1.. Develop and demonstrate a XHTML file that includes Javascript for the following problems:
 - a) Input: A number n obtained using prompt Output: The first n Fibonacci numbers
 - b) Input: A number n obtained using prompt Output: A table of numbers from 1 to n and their squares using alert
- 2. a) Develop and demonstrate, using Javascript script, a XHTML document that collects the USN (the valid format is: A digit from 1 to 4 followed by two upper-case characters followed by two digits followed by two upper-case characters followed by three digits; no embedded spaces allowed) of the user. Event handler must be included for the form element that collects this information to validate the input. Messages in the alert windows must be produced when errors are detected.
 - b) Modify the above program to get the current semester also (restricted to be a number from 1 to 8)
- 3. a) Develop and demonstrate, using Javascript script, a XHTML document that contains three short paragraphs of text, stacked on top of each other, with only enough of each showing so that the mouse cursor can be placed over some part of them. When the cursor is placed over the exposed part of any paragraph, it should rise to the top to become completely visible.
 - b) Modify the above document so that when a paragraph is moved from the top stacking position, it returns to its original position rather than to the bottom.
- 4. a) Design an XML document to store information about a student in an engineering college affiliated to VTU. The information must include USN, Name, Name of the College, Brach, Year of Joining, and e-mail id. Make up sample data for 3 students. Create a CSS style sheet and use it to display the document.
 - b) Create an XSLT style sheet for one student element of the above document and use it to create a display of that element.

- 5. a) Write a Perl program to display various Server Information like Server Name, Server Software, Server protocol, CGI Revision etc.
 - b) Write a Perl program to accept UNIX command from a HTML form and to display the output of the command executed.
- 6. a) Write a Perl program to accept the User Name and display a greeting message randomly chosen from a list of 4 greeting messages.
 - b) Write a Perl program to keep track of the number of visitors visiting the web page and to display this count of visitors, with proper headings.
- 7. Write a Perl program to display a digital clock which displays the current time of the server.
- 8. Write a Perl program to insert name and age information entered by the user into a table created using
 - MySQL and to display the current contents of this table.
- 9. Write a PHP program to store current date-time in a COOKIE and display the 'Last visited on' date-time on the web page upon reopening of the same page.
- 10. Write a PHP program to store page views count in SESSION, to increment the count on each refresh, and to show the count on web page.
- 11. Create a XHTML form with Name, Address Line 1, Address Line 2, and E-mail text fields. On submitting, store the values in MySQL table. Retrieve and display the data based on Name.
- 12. Build a Rails application to accept book information viz. Accession number, title, authors, edition and publisher from a web page and store the information in a database and to search for a book with the title specified by the user and to display the search results with proper headings.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Design and Recall the basic concepts of java script language K1, K4

CO2: Understand and design the basic concepts of Perl structure, XHTML K2., K4

CO3: Apply the date and time procedure in PHP K2

CO4: Understand the concepts to vies the counts in session K2

CO5: Analyze and Design the database connectivity using MySQL, K3, K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S

CO5 S M S	S M	M M	M	S
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S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

SEMESTER -III

COURSE	P21ITT31		L	T	P	C
CODE		DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING				
CORE	– XI		4	-	-	4

Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyse
Objectives	 various To fam To exp technic To ado process To ask 	on about the basic concestimage transforms. diliarize the students whose the students with a question and their application pthat the use of current to sing systems the students to expose world applications of interesting systems.	ith the image enhance broad range of important ons. echnologies those an image procession	ncement techniques nage processing are specific in image

UNIT I: Introduction to Image Processing:

Overview of Image Processing - Nature of Image Processing - Digital Image Representation-Types of Images-Based on Nature - Based on Attributes - Based on Colour - Based on Dimensions - Based on Data Types - Domain Specific Images - Digital Image Processing Operations - Fundamental Steps In Image Processing - Image Enhancement - Image Restoration - Image Compression - Image Analysis - Image Synthesis.

Digital Imaging Systems:

Overview of Digital Imaging Systems-Image Sensors-Image Storage-Image processors-Output Devices-Networking Components-Image Processing Software-Physical Aspects of Image Acquisition-Nature of Light-Simple Image Model - Colour Fundamentals -Lighting System Design-Simple Image Formation Process - Biological Aspects of Image Acquisition-Human Visual System — Properties of Human Visual System — Monochrome and Colour Image - Review of Digital Cameras - Sampling and Quantization — Sampling - Resampling - Image Quantization — Image Display Devices and Device Resolution — Digital Halftone Process - Random Dithering - Ordered Dithering - Non - periodic Dithering — Image Storage and File Formats - Need for File Formats - Types of File Formats - Structures of File Formats.

UNIT II: Digital Image Processing Operations:

Basic Relationships and Distance Metrics - Image Coordinate System - Image Topology - Connectivity-Relations-Distance Measures-Important Image Characteristics-Classification of Image Processing Operations - Arithmetic Operations. Logical Operations - Geometrical Operations - Image Interpolation Techniques - Set Operations. Digital Image Transforms : Need for Image Transforms-Spatial Frequencies in Image Processing- Introduction to Fourier Transform-Discrete Fourier Transform.

UNIT III: Image Enhancement:

Image Quality and Need for Image Enhancement - Image Quality Factors - Image Quality

Assessment Toll- Image Quality Metrics-Image Enhancement operations-Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain-Linear Point Transformations-Non-Linear Transformations—Square Function-Square root-Logarithmic Function—Exponential Function - Power Function - Gamma Correction - Histogram - Based techniques — Histogram Stretching — Histogram Sliding — Histogram Equalization — Histogram Specification — Local and Adaptive Contrast Enhancement — Spatial Filtering Concepts — Image Smoothing Spatial Filters - Box Filters - Gaussian Filters - Image Sharpening Spatial Filters - Gradient and Laplacian Filters-High-boost Filters - Unsharp Masking.

Image Restoration: Introduction to Degradation - Types of Image Degradations - Image Degradation Model - Noise Modelling -Noise Categories Based on Distribution - Noise Categories Based on Correlation - Noise Categories BasedonNature-NoiseCategoriesBasedonSource-EstimationbyObservationEstimation by Experimentation - Estimation by Modelling - Image Restoration Techniques - Unconstrained Method-Inverse Filters-Wiener Filters.

UNIT IV: Image Compression:

Image Compression Model-Compression-Measures-Compression Algorithm and its Types – Entropy Coding - Predictive Coding - Transform Coding - Layered Coding - Types of Redundancy - Coding Redundancy - Inter pixel Redundancy - Psycho visual Redundancy - Chromatic Redundancy - Lossless Compression Algorithms - Run - length Coding - Huffman Coding - Bit plane Coding - Arithmetic Coding - Dictionary - based Coding - Lossless Predictive Coding - Lossy Predictive Coding - Vector Quantization —Codebook design — Generalized Lloyd algorithm.

UNIT V: Image Segmentation:

Introduction-Formal Definition of Image Segmentation-Classification of Image Segmentation Algorithms - Detection of Discontinuities —Point Detection-Line Detection - Edge Detection — Stages in Edge Detection-Types of Edge detectors —First order Edge Detection-Edge operator performance - Edge linking Algorithms - Principle of Thresholding - Principle of Region — growing. Colour Image Processing - Introduction - Colour Image Storage and Processing - Colour Models - RGB Colour Model - HIS Colour Model - HSV Colour Model - HLS Colour Model - Printing Colour Models - Colour Quantization - Popularity Algorithm — Median cut Algorithm-Octree based Algorithm-Pseudo colour Image Processing-Full colour Processing- Colour Transformations —Image Filters for Colour Image-Colour image segmentation.

Text Books:

- 1. S.Sridhar -DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING, Second Edition, OXFPRD University Press, 2016.
- 2. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Digital Image Processing, Pearson India; 4th edition 2018.

Reference Books:

- 1. R. C. Gonzalez and R. E. Woods ," Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB , Gatesmark 2020
- 2. A.Jain Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, ,Prentice Hall of India, 2010.
- 3. Chris Solomon and Toby Breckon, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing: A Practical Approach with Examples in Matlab", Wiley; 1st edition 2011

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1: To impart the knowledge about image processing techniques and understand the concept of image analysis, storage formats of image **K1**
- CO2: To analyze the attitude of image processing arithmetic operations and image transformation techniques. **K2**
- CO3: Discuss about the image need for image enhancement and use of image restoration. K3
- CO4: To understand the concept to fit image compression models, measures and algorithms. **K3**
- CO5: Understand the role of image segmentation, various color models and color image transformation **K4**

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE	P21ITT32				L	T	P	C		
CODE		CLIEN	T SERVER COMP	PUTING						
CORE	- XII				4	•	•	4		
Cognitive	e Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyse								
Course Ob	ojectives	 Computing To learn details. To develone To know mechanis To Study 	about normalizating. about Client/Serve op tools used in op about database masm with respect of about network con Client/Server appl	er Computing of erating system anagement system (Client/Servermponents used	evalu n, etem	iatio and iputi	its ng			

UNIT I: Introduction:

Introduction-Classification of Client/Server System: Two-tier Client/Server Model-Three-tier Client/Server Model-Client/Server Advantages and Disadvantages. Driving Forces behind Client/Server Computing: Driving Forces-Development of Client/Server Systems- Client/Server Standards- Client/Server Security-Improving Performance of Client/Server Applications-Downsizing and Rightsizing-Client/Server Methodology.

UNIT II: Architecture of Client/Server Systems:

Components-Principles behind Client/Server Systems- Client Components-Server Components-Communications Middleware Components-Architecture for Business Information System-Existing Client/Server Architecture.

Client/Server and Databases: Client/Server in Respect of Databases-Client/Server Database Architecture-Database Middleware Component-Access to Databases-Distributed Client/Server Database Systems-Distributed DBMS

UNIT III: Client/Server Application Components: Technologies for Client/Server Application-Service of a Client/Server Application-Categories of Client/Server Applications-Client Services-Server Services-Client/Server Application: Connectivity-Client/Server Application: Layered Architecture.

UNIT IV: System Development:

Hardware Requirements-Software Requirements-Communication Interface Technology: Network Interface Card, LAN Cabling, WAN, ATM, Ethernet, Token Ring, FDDI,TCP/IP,SNMP,NFS,SMTP

UNIT V: Client/Server Technology and Web Services:

Web Services History-Web Server Technology-Web Server-Web Server Communication-Role of JAVA for Client/Server on Web-Server Technology-Client/Server Technology and Web

Applications-Server's Changing Role.

Future of Client/Server Computing: Technology of Next Generation-Enabling Technology-Client/Server Computing and the Intranet - Transformational System.

Text Books:

- 1. Subash Chandra Yadav, Sanjay Kumar Singh, "An Introduction to Client/ Server Computing", New Age International Publishers 009. Dawana Travis Dewire, "Client/Server Computing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Patrick Smith and Steve Guengesich, "Client/Server Computing", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert Orfali, Dan Harkey and Jeri Edwards, "Essential Client/Server Survival Guide", Galgotia Publications, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Joel P Kaster, "Understanding Thin Client/Server Computing", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Comprehend the basic concepts of the client-server model. K1

CO2: Understand how Client-Server systems work K2

CO3: Differentiate between two-tier and three-tier architectures K3

CO4: Improve the performance and reliability of Client Server based systems K3

CO5: Identify security and ethical issues in Client Server Computing K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-V

COURSE	P21ITT33	L	T	P	C					
CODE		BIG DATA ANALYTICS								
CORE -	XIII	4								
Cognitive	e Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze								
Course Ob	ojectives	 The course provides grounding in the advanced methods in big data technology at the includes Map Reduce process, Hadoo ecosystem. Conceptualization and summarization of bit machine learning. Trivial data versus big data, big data compute technologies, machine learning techniques, It includes scaling up of machine learning and 	nd to p an g data ating	ols. d its a and	S					

UNIT I: Introduction to Big Data:

Types of Digital Data: Classification of Digital Data, Introduction to Big Data: Characteristics of data - Evolution of Big data - Challenges of Big data - Other Characteristics of Data Which are not Definitional Traits of Big Data - Why Big Data? - Are we Just an Information Consumer or Do we also produce Information? - Traditional Business Intelligence (BI) versus Big Data - A Typical Data Warehouse Environment - A Typical Hadoop Environment - What is New Today? - What is changing in the Realms of Big Data?

UNIT II: Analytics Basics:

Big Data Analytics: Where do we Begin? – What is Big Data Analytics? –What Big Data Analytics Isn't? – Why this Sudden Hype Around Big Data Analytics? Classification of Analytics – Greatest Challenges that Prevent Business from capitalizing on Big Data – Top Challenges Facing Big Data – why is Big Data Analytics Important? – What kind of Technologies are we looking Toward to Help Meet the Challenges Posed by Big Data? – DataScience–DataScientist...YourNewBestFriend–TerminologiesUsedinBigDataEnvironments – Basically available Soft State Eventual Consistency (BASE) – Few Top Analytics Tools.

UNIT III: Big Data Technologies:

The Big Data Technology Landscape: NoSQL (Not Only SQL) - Hadoop, Introduction to Hadoop: Introducing Hadoop - Why Hadoop? - Why not RDBMS? - RDBMS versus Hadoop - Distributed Computing Challenges - History of Hadoop - Hadoop Overview - Use Case of Hadoop - Hadoop Distributors - HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) Processing Data with Hadoop - Managing Resources and Applications with Hadoop YARN (Yet another Resource Negotiator) - Interacting with Hadoop Ecosystem.

UNIT IV: Introduction to MAP REDUCE Programming:

Introduction – Mapper – Reducer –Combiner – Partitioner – Searching – Sorting – Compression, Introduction to Hive: What is Hive? – Hive Architecture – Hive Data Types – Hive File Format – Hive Query Language (HQL) –RC File Implementation – User – Defined Function (UDF).

UNITV: Analytical Algorithms:

Introduction to Machine Learning – Machine Learning Algorithms.

Text Book:

1. Seeme Acharya, and Subhashini Chellappan Big Data and Analytics, , Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. First Edition - 2015.

Reference Books:

- 1. Nathan Marz, and James Warren BigData Principles and best practices of scalable real time data systems, , Manning Publication CP., USA-2015.
- 2. Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications, Bart Baesens, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd 2015.
- 3. Jared Deamn Big Data, Data Mining and Machine Learning, Willey India Pvt. Ltd, 2015. **COURSE OUTCOMES**
 - CO1: Describe the basics of BigData, Types of Data and Data Warehouse Environment K1
 - CO2: Understand the Data Analytics, Evolution, Importance, Tools, Technology and Data Science. K3
 - CO3: Analyze the technologies and comparison of No SQL, RDMS, Hadoop, and YARN K2
 - CO4: Analyze the working methodology of Map Reduce and Hive Query Language K4
 - CO5: Implement the machine learning Algorithms K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	M	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITT34	IN'	TERNET OF THIS	NGS	L	T	P	С		
CORE .	- XIV				4	-	-	4		
Cognitivo	e Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyse								
Course Ob	ojectives	 principle To outli commur To analy needed to To identiand write 	ne the functionality ication The zero the hardware as construct IOT against the appropriate ing embedded coding various busing	ies and protoco nd software co pplications e protocol for A le to realize	ols o ompo	f inte	ernet ts truct	ion		

UNIT I: Introduction to Internet of Things:

Introduction – Physical Design of IoT – Logical Design of IoT – IoT Enabling Technologies – IoT & Deployment Templates.

Domain Specific IoTs: Introduction – Home Automation – Cities – Environment – Energy – Retail – Logistics Agriculture – Industry – Health & Life style.

UNIT II: IoT and M2M:

Introduction: M2M – Difference between IoT and M2M – SDN and NFV for IoT. **IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG:** Need for IoT Systems Management – Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) – Network Operator Requirements – NETCONF-YANG – IoT Systems Management with NETCONF_YANG.

UNIT III: IoT Platforms Design Methodology:

Introduction – IoT Design Methodology – Case Study on IoT System for Weather Monitoring – Motivation for using Python.

IoT Systems –Logical Design using Python: Introduction – Installing Python – Python Datatypes & Data Structures – Control Flow – Functions – Modules – Packages – File Handling – Date/Time Operations – Classes – Python packages of Interest for IoT.

UNIT IV: IoT Physical Devices & Endpoints:

What is an IoT Device – Exemplary Device: Raspberry Pi – About the Board – Linux on Raspberry Pi – Raspberry Pi Interfaces – Programming Raspberry Pi with Python – Other IoT devices.

IoT Physical Servers & Cloud Offerings : Introduction to Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs – WAMP - AutoBahn for IoT – Xively Cloud for IoT – Python Web application Framework-Django – Designing a RESTful API – Amazon Web Services for IoT – Skynet IoT messaging platform.

UNIT V: Case Studies Illustrating IoT Design:

Introduction – Home Automation – Cities – Environment – Agriculture – Productivity applications.

Data Analytics for IoT: Introduction – Apache Hadoop – Using Hadoop MapReduce for Batch Data Analysis – Apache Oozier – Apache Spark – Apache Storm – Using Apache Storm for Real-time Data Analysis.

Text Books:

- 1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti Internet of Things, , Universities Press (INDIA)Private Ltd., 2015.
- 2. Honbo Zhou The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective, CRC Press, 2012.
- 3. Dieter Uckelmann; Mark Harrison; Florian Michahelles Architecting the Internet of Things, (Eds.) Springer, 2011.

Reference Books:

- 1. CunoPfister, O'Relly Getting Started with the Internet of Things, 2011.
- 2. Adrian Mcewen, Hakin Cassimally, Willey Designing the Internet of Things, 2015.
- 3. Oliver Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, Wiley The Internet of Things, Key Applications and Protocols, 2017

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Understand the definition and significance of the **Internet of Things**. K1

CO2: Discuss the architecture, operation, and business benefits of an IoT solution. K2

CO3: Examine the potential business opportunities that IoT can uncover. K3

CO4: Explore the relationship between IoT, cloud computing, and big data. K3

CO5: Identify how IoT differs from traditional data collection systems K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE	P21ITP33		L	T	P	C				
CODE		DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING LAB								
CORE -	– XV		0	0	6	4				
Cognitive	Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze								
Course Ob	jectives	 To implement spatial image enhancement functions on a bitmap image – mirroring (Inversion) using MATLAB for developers. 								
		 To analysis design the operators using filtering techniques. 								
		 Write a program to perform the histogram equalization and to Program blurring and de-blurring on an image. 								
		 To develop to imported an image fun Restoration, Models for representing methods of processing the color plane. 	g the			_				

List of programs

- 1. Implement the spatial image enhancement functions on a bitmap image mirroring(Inversion)
- 2. Implement the spatial image enhancement functions on a bitmap image notation(Clockwise)
- 3. Implement the spatial image enhancement functions on a bitmap image –Enlargement (Double Size)
- 4. Implement (a) Low Pass Filter (b) High Pass Filter
- 5. Implement (a) Arithmetic Mean Filter (b) Geometric Mean Filter
- 6. Implement Smoothing and Sharpening of an eight bit color image
- 7. Implement (a) Boundary Extraction Algorithm (b) Graham ' Scan Algorithm
- 8. Implement (a) Edge Detection (b) Line Detection
- 9. Display an image and its histogram
- 10. Write a Program to Perform Shrinking, Zooming and Cropping of an image
- 11. Write a Program to perform the experiment for histogram equalization.
- 12. Write a Program to Perform blurring and de-blurring on an image.
- 13. Write a Program to Remove salt and pepper noise in an image.
- 14. Write a Program to Perform Edge detection using Operators.
- 15. Write a Program to Perform2-D DFT and DCT.
- 16. Write a Program to Perform DWT of images.
- 17. Implement a function for image segmentation.

- 18. Implement a function for image morphology that analyze the form and shape detail of image structures.
- 19. Implement a function for Image Restoration.
- 20. Models for representing the color and methods of processing the color plane

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1: Understand the knowledge about image processing techniques and the concepts of image analysis, storage formats of image **K1**
- CO2: To analyze the attitude of image processing arithmetic operations and image transformation techniques. K4
- CO3: Apply the image enhancement techniques to use the image restoration process. **K3**
- CO4: Understand the concept to fit image compression models, measures and algorithms. K2
- CO5: Analyze and design the image segmentation, various color models and color image transformation ${\bf K4}$

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE	P21ITP34		L	T	P	C				
CODE		PHP WITH MYSQL LAB								
CORE -	- XVI									
Cognitive	Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze								
Course objec	tives	 To develop PHP program us concepts for general programs, and unconditional statements To develop PHP program using sorting To Design a personal Information for & Retrieve the Form Data Using Varia To study of MySQL string, num functions, To develop PHP Data Base Con MYSQL 	swi m, t	onc itch then s ar	litio cas Sub	nal ses, omit				

List of Exercises

- 1. Write a PHP program to find the factorial of a number using forms.
- 2. Write a PHP program to design a login form using Conditional Statements.
- 3. Write a PHP program to design a visiting card.
- 4. Develop a PHP program for string function using switch case.
- 5. Write a PHP Program to create a time table for the current semester.
- 6. Write a program In PHP to Sort an array using function (Bubble Sort)
- 7. Study Of Form handling In PHP Design a personal Information form, then Submit & Retrieve the Form Data Using \$_GET(), \$_POST() and \$_REQUEST() Variables
- 8. Study Of Server Side Validation and Page Redirection In PHP Design A Login Form and Validate that Form using PHP Programming
- 9. Study Of Cookies And Sessions In PHP Create Admin Login ,Logout form using session variables
- 10. Study Of MYSQL DDL, DML, DCL Commands Installation Of MYSQL 5.5 On windows and Executes their basic Commands
- 11. Study of MYSQL aggregate functions
- 12. Study of MySQL string, numeric and date functions
- 13. Study Of PHP Data Base Connectivity with MYSQL Write a PHP Code to make database connection, Create Data Base, Create Table In Mysql
- 14. Study Of MYSQL Data Base Operation Write a PHP code Insert, Delete, Update, Select the Data From Data Base
- 15. Study of Image Uploading in PHP Design A from which upload And Display Image in PHP 14) Mini Project in PHP

Course Outcome

After completing this lab course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Understand the logic for a given problem. K1

CO2: Recognize and understand the syntax and construction of C programming code. K2

CO3: Know the steps involved in compiling, linking and debugging C code. K3

CO4: Learn the methods of iteration or looping and branching, K4

CO5: Make use of different data- structures like arrays, pointers, structures and files. K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

SEMESTER - IV

COURSE CODE	P21ITE411	CHOICE – I		T	P	C
ELECT	IVE - I	OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND	4	-	-	4
		DESIGN				

Cognitive	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyse
Level				
Objectives	To lear	n the basic principles o	f Objects and Object	ct Oriented
	System	n Development Life Cyc	ele.	
	• Learn	to apply the Unified Mo	delling Language(UML) by the
	use of	elementary object-orier	nted analysis and de	esign concepts.
	To pre	sent UML concepts and	techniques necessa	ary in
	effectiv	vely use system require	ments	
	To dev	elop a robust design mo	odel.	
	• Showing	ng how implementation	details of a system	can be modeled.

UNIT - I : Introduction To Object Oriented System Development:

Introduction – Two Orthogonal views – object oriented Systems development Methodology – Object orientation – unified approach – Object Basics – object oriented philosophy – objects – classes – attributes – behavior and methods – Message passing -Encapsulation and information hiding – hierarchy – polymorphism – object relationship and associations– aggregation– a case study–advanced topics.

UNIT-II: Object Oriented System And Methodology Development:

Object oriented system development life cycle(SDLC) – development process – building high quality software – use-case driven approach – reusability –Object oriented methodologies – introduction – Booch methodology – Jacobson methodologies – patterns – frameworks – unified approach.

UNIT – III : Unified Process And Use Case Diagrams

Unified modeling language – introduction – static and dynamic models –modeling – unified modeling language -UML diagrams – UML class diagrams – Use-case diagram – UML dynamic modeling- model management –OOA process – introduction –difficulty in analysis – business object analysis – use-case driven object oriented analysis –business processing modeling – use-case model –developing effective documentation.

UNIT - IV : Object Classification

Object analysis – classification – common class patterns approach – use-case driven approach – CRC – naming classes – object relationships – associations – Super-Subclassrelationships—aggregation—classresponsibility—objectresponsibility-

Objectorienteddesign process and design axioms – introduction – design process – design axioms- design patterns.

UNIT – V : Design Classes:

Designing classes - introduction - object oriented design philosophy - UML object constraint – designing classes – class visibility – defining attributes designingmethodsandprotocols-Packagesandmanagingclasses-Accesslayer-Objectstorageandobject interoperability - introduction - object store and persistence -Database management systems- database organization and access control- distributed databases.

TEXTBOOK:

1. Ali Bahrami, Object Oriented Systems Development, Irwin Mc Graw Hill Publications, 1999.

REFERENCEBOOK)

1. Grady Booch, Object Oriented Analysis and Design, Pearson, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Describe the basics of Object Oriented concepts	K1
CO2: Analyze the function in g methodologies provided by Bood	ch and Jacobson;
Introduction on unified approach.	K2
CO3: Illustration of UML diagrams applicable to various pha	ases of software
development.	K3
CO4: Study on Relationship between various objects in the application	ation and various
ways of their reorientations	K3
CO5: Import knowledge on packaging classes, distributing ther	n among layers.
Introducing the object-oriented databases.	K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS

T COS	***	1108	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{H}\mathbf{D}$	1008					
CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	M	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITE412	CHOICE – II	L	T	P	С
ELECT	IVE - I	INFORMATION & SYSTEM SECURITY	4	-	-	4

Cognitive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyze
Objectives	 Understar Learn abo Controllir	out the threats in computed what puts you are at a put the Policies for Opering a risk is not eliminational S	a risk and how to coating Systems, Monng the risk.	

UNIT 1: Introduction:

Notion of different types of securities: Information Security. Computer Security: Security Goals, Relation between Security-Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability and Authorization, Vulnerabilities- Principles of Adequate protection. Operating security, Database security, Program security, Network Security (Notions Only). Attacks: Threats, Vulnerabilities and controls. The kind of problems - Interception, Interruption, Modification, Fabrication. Computer Criminals: Amateurs, Crackers, Career Criminals. Methods of Defense: Control, Hardware Controls, Software Controls, Effectiveness of Controls.

UNIT 2: Program Security:

Secure programs: Fixing Faults, Unexpected Behaviour, Types of Flaws. Non-malicious program errors: Buffer overflows, Incomplete Mediation. Viruses and other malicious code: Why worry about Malicious Code, Kinds of malicious code, How viruses attach, How viruses gain control, Prevention, Control Example: The Brain virus, The Internet Worm, Web bugs. Targeted malicious code- Trapdoors, Salami Attack. Controls against program threats- Development Controls, Peer reviews, Hazard Analysis.

UNIT 3: Operating System Security:

Protected objects and methods of protection, Memory address protection- Fence, Relocation, Base/Bounds Registers, Tagged Architecture, Segmentation, Paging. Control of access to general objects- Directory, Access Control List. File protection mechanism- Basics forms of Protection, Single Permissions. Authentication: Authentication basics, Password, Authentication Process Challenge-response, Biometrics. Trusted Operating systems- Security Policies for Operating Systems, Models of Security- Requirement of security systems, Multilevel Security, Access Security, Limitations of Security Systems. Trusted Operating System Design- Elements, security features, assurance, system flaws and assurance methods.

UNIT 4: Database Security:

Security requirements- Integrity of Database, Confidentiality and Availability, Reliability and integrity, Sensitive data, Interface, Multilevel database, Proposals for multilevel security - Administrating Security: Security planning- Contents of a security Planning Team members, commitment to a security plan, Business continuity Plans - Risk analysis- The nature of risk,

steps of risk analysis - Arguments for and against risk analysis.

UNIT 5: Organizational Security Policies:

Purpose and goals of Organizational Security. Audience, Characteristics of a Good Security Policy. Nature of security Policies- Data sensitivity policy, Government Agency IT security policy. Physical security- Natural Disaster, Human Vandals, Interception of Sensitive Information. Legal, Privacy, and Ethical Issues in Computer Security: Protecting programs and data, Information and law, Rights of employees and employers, Software failures, Computer crime, Privacy, Ethical issues in computer society.

Text Books:

- 1. C. P. Pfleeger, and S. L. Pfleeger, "Security in Computing", Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. Matt Bishop, "Computer Security: Art and Science", Pearson Education, 2018.
- 3. Stallings, Cryptography And Network Security: Principles and practice, Pearson Education, 2017.

Reference Book:

1. Michael E.Whitman, Mattord, Principles of information security, Thomson, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1**: Analyze and resolve security issues in networks and computer systems to secure an infrastructure. K1
- CO2: Design, develop, test and evaluate program security K2
- CO3: Develop policies and procedures to manage enterprise security risks. K2
- **CO4**: Apply and resolve database security K3
- CO5: Evaluate and communicate organizational security issues K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	M	M	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITE413	CHOICE – III	L	Т	P	C
ELECTIVE – I		COMPUTATIONAL LINGUISTICS	4			4

Cognitive	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyze
Level				·
Objectives:	To under	rstand the computing	g Human Lang	uages
	 To know 	the various models	for computing	human languages
	 To know 	the NLP Application	on	
	• To have	competence of lings	uistic names wl	nich are indispensable for
		ng natural languages		-
	To devel	op a rule based syst	em.	

Unit 1: Introduction to Tamil Linguistics

Tamil Computing Tools Development: Tamil Text Preprocessing tools: Sentence Splitter, Tokenizer, Word boundary identifier. Hands on these tools.

Unit 2: Shallow Parser

What is Shallow Parsing and How to develop a Shallow Parser (Rule based System development) Shallow parsing is an analysis of a sentence which first identifies constituent parts of sentences (nouns, verbs, adjectives, etc.) and then links them to higher order units that have discrete grammatical meanings (noun groups or phrases, verb groups, etc.). It is suitable for complex NLP applications; Morphological Analyser, Part of Speech Tagger, NP/VP Chunker, Clause Boundary Identifier.

Unit 3: Deep Parsing

Deep Parsing: Deep parsing is the search strategy which will give a complete syntactic structure to a sentence. It is the task of parsing a limited part of the syntactic information from the given task. Dependency Parser for Tamil; How to develop a dependency parser

Unit 4: Machine Translation

Application: Machine Translation

Unit 5: Applications of CL

Corpus Development in Tamil: Content Development using various methods such as Wikipedia and Blocks. Annotated Corpus of various Grammatical categories in Tamil using , Annotation tool (PALINKA for Tamil)

Text Books

- 1. kaNippoRiyil Tamil/கணிப்பொறியில்தமிழ்; T.Prakash/த.பிரகாஷ் Perikam/பெரிகாம் ,(நூல்வெளியீடுமற்றும்விற்பனை), 36, அசீஸ்முல்க்இரண்டாம்தெரு, ஆயிரம்விளக்கு, சென்னை-6. Tamil: 2005
- 2. Iyarkai Mozhiyaaivu Thamizh; Prof. subbaiya pillai/ கு. சுப்பையாபிள்ளை உலகத்தமிழ்ஆராய்ச்சிநிறுவனம்; 2012.

- 3. <u>GATE.ac.uk releases/gate-2.0alpha3-build516/doc/userguide.html</u>
- 4. NLTK Website: 1. Language Processing and Python (nltk.org)
- 5. AU-KBC Tools: http://78.46.86.133:8080/aukbc-nlp/
- 6. Search Engine AU-KBC: Searchko: www.searchko.co.in
- 7. Corpus Linguistics: An Introduction Kindle Edition; Author: Niladri Sekhar Dash; :Pearson; 1st edition (1 October 2007);
- 8. An Introduction to Corpus Linguistics; Author: Graeme Kennedy; Routledge:1998
- 9. PALinkA: A high-end tool for syntactic and semantic annotation for Tamil Text: Customized by AU-KBC for Tamil . To download: http://78.46.86.133/PALinkA.tar.gz
- 10. Natural Language Processing with Python: Analyzing Text with the Natural Language Toolkit 1st Edition; <u>Steven Bird</u>, <u>Ewan Klein</u>, <u>Edward Loper</u>
- 11. Machine Translation; Pushpak Bhattacharyya; Chapman and Hall/CRC; 2015

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

CO1: Develop Tamil Computing Tools.	K1, K4	
CO2: Analyze sentences using Shallow Parser.	K4	
CO3: Extract Syntactic information using Deep Parser.	K4	
CO4: Apply Machine Translation.	К3	
CO5: Develop Tamil Corpus.	К3	

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	M	S	M	M	M	M	M	S
CO2	M	S	S	M	M	M	S	M	M
CO3	M	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	S
CO4	S	M	S	M	M	M	M	M	S
CO5	M	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITE421		CHOICE – I		L	T	P	C
ELECT	IVE -II		CLOUD COMPUT	ING	4	-	-	4
Cognitiv	ve Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4:	Anal	yze	;

Objectives	 To learn the concepts of cloud Architecture To learn the concepts of cloud computing
	 To learn cloud services and platforms To understand real-world cloud applications
	To develop the application using clouds concepts

UNIT I: Cloud Architecture and Model:

Technologies for Network - Based System - System Models for Distributed and Cloud Computing NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture. Cloud Models:- Characteristics - Cloud Services - Cloud models (IaaS, PaaS, SaaS) - Public vs. Private Cloud - Cloud Solutions - Cloud ecosystem - Service management - Computing on demand.

UNIT II: Virtualization:

Basics of Virtualization - Types of Virtualization - Implementation Levels of Virtualization-Virtualization Structures - Tools and Mechanisms - Virtualization of CPU, Memory, I/O Devices - Virtual Clusters and Resource management - Virtualization for Data - Center Automation.

UNIT III: Cloud Infrastructure:

Architectural Design of Compute and Storage Clouds –Layered Cloud Architecture Development – Design Challenges – Inter Cloud Resource Management – Resource Provisioning and Platform Deployment – Global Exchange of Cloud Resources.

UNIT IV: Programming Model:

Parallel and Distributed Programming Paradigms – Map Reduce, Twister and Iterative Map Reduce – Hadoop Library from Apache – Mapping Applications - Programming Support - Google App Engine, Amazon AWS - Cloud Software Environments - Eucalyptus, Open Nebula, Open Stack, Aneka, Cloud-Sim.

UNIT V: Security in The Cloud:

Security Overview –Cloud Security Challenges and Risks – Software-as-a-Service Security – Security Governance – Risk Management – Security Monitoring – Security Architecture Design – Data Security – Application Security – Virtual Machine Security - Identity Management and Access Control – Autonomic Security.

Text Book:

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey CFox, Jack G Dongarra, - Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. John W.Ritting house and James F.Ransome -Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, and Security, , CRC Press, 2010.
- 2. Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter -Cloud Computing, A Practical Approach, To by Velte, , TMH, 2009.
- 3. Kumar Saurabh Cloud Computing Insights into New–Era Infrastructure, , Wiley India, 2011.
- 4. James E.Smith, Ravi Nair, Elsevier / Morgan Kaufmann Virtual Machines: Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes, 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Describe the Cloud Architecture and Model. K1

CO2: Analyze the basics and applications of Virtualization. K3

CO3: Understand the different Cloud Infrastructure. K2

CO4: Understand different programming model. K4

CO5: Discuss the Cloud Security Challenges and Risks. K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	m	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITE422		CHOICE – II		L	T	P	C
ELECT	TIVE -II		SOFT COMPUTI	NG	4	-	-	4
Cogniti	ve Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	

Objectives	To give knowledge about the soft computing theories to the students,
o sjecu ves	fundamentals of non-traditional technologies and approaches to solve in real-world problems.
	• To learn and apply artificial neural networks, fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic, and genetic algorithms in problem solving and use of heuristics based on human experience.
	To introduce the ideas of fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic to become familiar with neural networks
	• To learn from available examples and generalize to form appropriate rules.
	• To familiarize with genetic algorithms and other random search procedures
	useful while seeking global optimum in self-learning situations

UNIT – I: Neural Networks:

(Introduction and Architecture) Neuron, Nerve Structure and Synapse, Artificial Neuron and its Model, Activation Functions, Neural Network Architecture: Single Layer and Multilayer Feed Forward Networks, Recurrent Networks. Various Learning Techniques; Perception and Convergence Rule, Auto- Associative and Hetro-Associative Memory.

UNIT – II: Neural Networks:

(Back Propagation Networks) Architecture: Perceptron Model, Solution, Single Layer Artificial Neural Network, Multilayer Perception Model; Back Propagation Learning Methods, Effect of Learning Rule Co-Efficient; Back Propagation Algorithm, Factors Affecting Back Propagation Training, Applications.

UNIT – III: Fuzzy Logic:

(Introduction) Basic Concepts of Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Sets and Crisp Sets, Fuzzy Set Theory and Operations, Properties of Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy and Crisp Relations, Fuzzy to Crisp Conversion.

UNIT – IV: Fuzzy Logic:

(Fuzzy Membership, Rules) Membership Functions, Interference in Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy If-Then Rules, Fuzzy Implications and Fuzzy Algorithms, Fuzzifications and Defuzzificataions, Fuzzy Controller, Industrial Applications

UNIT – V: Genetic Algorithm:

Basic Concepts, Working Principle, Procedures of GA, Flow Chart of GA, Genetic Representations, (Encoding) Initialization and Selection, Genetic Operators, Mutation, Generational Cycle, Applications.

Reference Book(s):

1. David E. Goldberg, Genetic Algorithm in Search Optimization and Machine Learning

- Pearson Education India, 2013.
- 2. S.N. Sivanandam & S.N. Deepa, Principles of Soft Computing, Wiley Publications, 2nd Edition, 2011
- 3. N.P.Padhy, S.P.Simon, "Soft Computing with MATLAB Programming", Oxford University Press, 2015.

Text Book:

1. J.S.R.Jang, C.T.Sun.E.Multani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", PHI, Pearson, 2004

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Recall the basic concepts and techniques of Soft Computing K1
- CO2: Understand Biological and Artificial Neural Network and Explain the types of Neural Networks K2
- **CO3**: Analyze various fuzzy models in developing fuzzy inference systems to be appropriate with specific real time problems K3
- **CO4**: Apply the genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems K3
- **CO5**: Analyze and Design the Optimization techniques Swam Intelligence and Antcolony optimization K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	M	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	M	M

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE	P21ITE423		CHOICE – III					
CODE								
ELECT	IVE -II	WIRE	WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS					
Cogniti	ve Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	
Objectives	To stTo stTo stTo le	udy the concerudy the research	cations of wireless se ots of sensor network ch issues in different sensor network archi in a sensor modes us	as. layers tecture.	progra	mmi	ng.	

UNIT I: Introduction:

The vision, Networked wireless sensor devices, Applications, Key design challenges. Network deployment: Structured versus randomized deployment, Network topology, Connectivity, Connectivity using power control, Coverage metrics, Mobile deployment.

UNIT II: Localization:

Issues & approaches, Coarse – grained & Fine – grained node localization, Network - wide localization, Theoretical analysis of localization techniques. Synchronization: Issues & Traditional approaches, Fine – grained clock synchronization, and Coarse – grained data synchronization.

UNIT III: Wireless characteristics:

Basics, Wireless link quality, Radio energy considerations, SINR capture model for interference. Medium - access and sleep scheduling: Traditional MAC protocols, Energy efficiency in MAC protocols, Asynchronous sleep techniques, Sleep – scheduled techniques, and Contention – free protocols.

UNIT IV: Sleep – based topology control:

Constructing topologies for connectivity, constructing topologies for coverage, SetK – cover algorithms. Routing: Metric – based approaches, Routing with diversity, Multi - path routing, Lifetime - maximizing energy – aware routing techniques, Geographic routing, Routing to mobile sinks.

UNIT V: Data - centric networking:

Data - centric routing, Data - gathering with compression, Querying, Data - centric storage and retrieval, the database perspective on sensor networks. Reliability and congestion control: Basic mechanisms and tunable parameters, Reliability guarantees, Congestion Control, Real-time scheduling.

Reference Book:

1. Kazem Sohraby, DanielMinoli, Taieb ZnatiZ "Wifeless Sensor Networks Technology Protocol and Applications", 1st Edition, Wiley Publication, 2016

Text Books:

- 1. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, Taieb Znati -Wireless Sensor Networks: Technology, , Protocols, and Applications, Wiley Inter Science, 2007.
- 2. Jun Zheng, Abbas Jamalipour, "Wireless Sensor Networks: A Networking Perspective", Wiley-IEEE Press 2009.
- 3. Mohammad S. Obaidat, Principles of Wireless Sensor Networks, Cambridge University Press-2014

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1: Discuss about Networked wireless sensor devices, design challenges and topology K1
- CO2: Analyze the Localization, synchronization issues and approaches K2
- CO3: Understand the wireless characteristics, MAC protocols and contention free protocols K2
- CO4: Construct topology for connectivity, coverage and routing techniques. K3
- CO5: Discuss about the data centric routing and Reliability and congestion control K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	M	M	S	S	S	M	S	M	S	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	S	M	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	S	M	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO4	M	S	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	M	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE OFFERED FOR OTHER DEPARTMENT STUDENTS

COURSE CODE	P21ITN211	CHOICE – I	L	T	P	C
SEMES	TER - II	C PROGRAMMING	4	-		4

Cognitive	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyze					
Level									
Objectives	 To introduce the basic knowledge of programming fundamentals of C language. To impart writing skill of C programming and solving problems to the students. 								
	 To impart the concepts like looping, array, etc.,. To impart the knowledge on functions and pointers. To impart knowledge on file concepts to use it for data handling. 								

Lab Exercise:

Simple Programs:

- 1. Finding the largest, smallest among three numbers
- 2. Generate the Fibonacci sequence

Control Structures:

- 1. Find whether a number is prime or not
- 2. Find whether a given number is a perfect or not
- 3. Find the factorial of a number

Arrays:

- 1. Program for Sorting
- 2. Program to search an element
- 3. Find whether given string is a palindrome or not
- 4. Perform the addition of two matrices
- 5. Perform subtraction of two matrices
- 6. Perform multiplication of two matrices

Functions:

- 1. Program to apply Recursion
- 2. Program for Call by Value

Pointers:

- 1. Program to perform addition
- 2. Program for swapping two numbers

Structures:

- 1. Program to print student information using structures
- 2. Program for Array of structures

File:

- 1. Program for applying File operations
- 2. Program to get n numbers and find odd and even numbers using file.

Course Outcome

After completing this lab course you will be able to:

CO1: Understand the logic for a given problem. K1

CO2: Recognize and understand the syntax and construction of C programming code. K2

CO3: Know the steps involved in compiling, linking and debugging C code. K3

CO4: Learn the methods of iteration or looping and branching, K4

CO5: Make use of different data- structures like arrays, pointers, structures and files. K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21CAN212	CHOICE – II	L	T	P	C
SEMES'	TER - II	PHOTO DESIGNING	4	-		4

Cognitive	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: Analyze							
Level											
Objectives	• Demo	onstrate the basics of	Photoshop								
	• Demo	onstrate knowledge o	of image resolu	ition							
		2 cmonstrate image size, and image into remain for week, video, and to									
	print.										
		_	of design pr	rinciples, elements, and image							
	comp	osition.									
	• Demo	onstrate knowledge o	of typography e	errors.							

Unit I: Introduction

Getting into Photoshop: Introduction - Best in Photoshop 7.0 - Photoshop Interface-Saving the File-Importing Existing File.

Unit II: Editing and Retouching

Editing and Retouching: Working with Selections-Getting started with the Selection tool-Selection with Rectangle Marquee Tool-Selection with Elliptical Marquee Tool-Moving a Selection-Moving with Keyboard Shortcut-Selection with the Magic Wand-Selection with Lasso Tool-Adding and Subtraction Selection-Selection with the Magnetic Lasso-Transforming a Selection-Combining Selection Tools-Cropping the Completed Image-Quick Mask tool to make Selection-Enabling the Quick Mask Mode-Adjusting Quick Mask Setting-Patch Tool-Paint Tools-Image Color Adjustments.

Unit III: Photoshop

Making Artistic use of Photoshop: Painting Tools-Working with Brushes-Drawing-Eraser Tool-Brushes Palette-Pen Tool-Selecting an Image with Pen Tool-Editing and Cleaning Tools-Clone Stamp Tool-Healing Brush-Image Resizing.

Unit IV: Tools of Photoshop

Building Original Art work: Layers-Creating A Layer -Layer Mask-Transform-Custom shapes - Create Your own Custom shapes.

Unit V: Applications of Photoshop

Transforming Images with Filters: Filters-Text Tool-Text Wrap-Try it.

Text Book:

J. Jenitha, A. Diana, "Adobe Photoshop 7.0 - A Novice Guide" ACCA Publication, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Deke McClelland, Laurie Ulrich Fuller Robert C. Fuller, "Photoshop CS2 Bible", Photoshop® CS2 Bible, Professional Edition, 2005.
- 2. "Photoshop CS6 in Simple Steps", Kogent Learning Solutions Inc, Dreamtech Press, 2013.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

CO1	Understand the different dimensions of digital data.	K1
CO2	Apply the concept of data classification on different types of data	K2
CO3	Analyze the characteristics of different patterns of data	K3
CO4	Implement the concept of big data in different scenarios	K4
CO5	Analyze Transforming Images with Filters	K4

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITN213		CHOICE – III					
SEMES'	TER - II	B	BIG DATA ANALY	TICS	4	-		4
Cogniti	ve Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	

Objectives:	 To understand and apply scaling up machine learning techniques To understand the associated computing techniques and technologies. To identify the characteristics of datasets To compare the trivial data and big data for various applications. To recognize and implement various ways of selecting suitable model parameters for different machine learning techniques.
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Unit- I: Data Evolution

Data Development Time Line – ICT Advancement-a Perspective – Data Growth-a Perspective – IT Components-Business Process – Landscape-Data to Data Science – Understanding data: Introduction – Type of Data: Numeric – Categorical – Graphical – High Dimensional Data — Data Classification – Hot Data – Cold Data – Warm Data – Thick Data – Thin Data - Classification of digital Data: Structured, Semi-Structured and Un-Structured.

Unit-II: Sources Of Data

Time Series – Transactional Data – Biological Data – Spatial Data – Social Network DataData Evolution – Data SourcesData Science: Data Science-A Discipline – Data Science vs Statistics – Mathematics - Programming Language - Database, - Machine Learning. Data Analytics Relation: Data Science, Analytics, Big Data Analytics.

Unit- III: Data Science Components

Data Engineering, Data Analytics-Methods and Algorithm, Data Visualization Big Data: Introduction To Big Data: - Evolution What is Big Data - Sources of Big Data. Characteristics of Big Data 6Vs - Big data- Challenges of Conventional Systems.

Unit- IV: Data Processing Models

Data Processing Models – Limitation of Conventional Data Processing Approaches – Big Data Myths - Data Discovery-Traditional Approach, Big Data Technology: Big Data Exploration - Data Augmentation – Operational Analysis – 360 View of Customers – Security and Intelligence

Unit- V: Use Cases

Big Data Use cases –Big Data Technology Potentials – Limitations of Big Data and Challenges- Big Data Roles Data Scientist, Data Architect, Data Analyst – Skills – Case Study: Big Data – Customer Insights – Behavioral Analysis – Big Data Applications - Marketing – Retails – Insurance – Risk and Security – Health care.

Text Book:

1.V. Bhuvaneswari, T. Devi, "Big Data Analytics: A Practitioner"s Approach" Sci-Tech Publishers Chennai 2016.

Reference Books:

- 1. Han Hu, Yonggang Wen, Tat-Seng, Chua, XuelongLi, "Toward Scalable Systems for Big data Analytic" (2016)
- 2. Seema Acharya, Subhashni Chellappan, "Big Data Analytics", Wiley, (2015).

Course Outcome:

CO1 : Understand the key issues in big data management and its associated applications in intelligent business and scientific computing. K1

CO2: Acquire fundamental enabling techniques and scalable algorithms like Hadoop,

CO3: Understand Map Reduce and NO SQL in big data analytics. K2

CO4: Interpret business models and scientific computing paradigms, and apply software tools for big data analytics. K3

CO5 : Achieve adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications etc. K4

MAPPING OF COs WITH POS AND PSOS:

		CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
S	-	CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	S
		CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
		CO3	S	M	M	M	S	M	S	M	S
		CO4	M	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
		CO5	S	M	S	S	S	M	M	S	S

Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITN214		L	T	P	C			
SEMES	TER - II	DIGI	TAL IMAGE PRO	CESSING	4	ı	-	4	
Cognitive Lev	vel	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	\nal	yze		
Course Object	etives		o understand the basinge processing	ic fundamental o	concept	of aı	1		
		 To know the concepts of Image techniques, sharpening and filtering ideas. 						ng	
		• To	 To gain the knowledge about image patterns 						
		 To gain the knowledge about image compression and segmentation 							
			o gain knowledge in ompressions	structures and in	mage				

Unit- I: Digital Image Fundamentals

Image formation, Image transforms – Fourier transforms, Walsh, Hadamard, Discrete cosine, Hostelling transforms.

Unit-II: Image Enhancement And Restoration

Histogram modification techniques - Image smoothening - Image sharpening - Image restoration - Degradation model - Noise models- Spatial filtering - Frequency domain filtering

Unit- III: Image compression and segmentation:

Compression Models - Elements of information theory - Error free compression - Image segmentation - Detection of discontinuities - Edge linking and boundary detection - Thresholding - Region based segmentation - Morphology

Unit- IV: Representation and description:

Representation schemes – Boundary descriptors – Regional descriptors – Relational descriptors

Unit-V: Object Recognition And Interpretation

Patterns and pattern classes - Decision - Theoretic methods -Structural methods.

Text Book:

1. Gonzalez, R.C., Woods, R.E., "Digital Image Processing", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Anil Jain, K., "Fundamentals of Digital image Processing", Prentice all of India, 1989.
- 2.Sid Ahmed, "Image Processing", McGraw Hill, New York, 1995.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1	To remember the basic image concepts.	K1
CO2	To know the image sharpens enhancement and compression	K2
	models.	

CO3	To apply various image techniques like edge linking and boundary detection.	K3
CO4	To analyze basic requirements of image processing like structure, compression and resolution.	K4
CO5	To analyze segmentation techniques	K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S

 $S-Strongly\ Correlating \qquad \qquad M-\ Moderately\ Correlating \qquad W-Weakly\ Correlating$

COURSE CODE	P21ITN215	CHOICE – V	L	T	P	C
SEMES	TER - II	MOBILE COMPUTING	4	-	-	4
Cogniti	ve Level	K1: Recall K2: Understand K3: Apply K4: Analyze				

Objectives

- <u>To learn about the Mobile Computing Architecture</u>
- To learn the basic concepts of Mobile Computing and its Applications.
- To provide various emerging technologies in Mobile Computing
- To provide various emerging techniques in mobile services.
- To gain knowledge about GSM, GPRS, CDMA and 3G.

Unit I: Introduction

Mobility of bits and bytes, wireless- The beginning, mobile computing – Networks – Middleware and Gateways – Application and Services – Developing Mobile computing Applications – Security in Mobile Computing.

Unit II Mobile Computing Architecture

History of Computers – History of Internet – Internet – The ubiquitous network – Architecture for Mobile Computing– Three Tire Architecture - Design consideration for Mobile Computing- Mobile Computing through Internet – Making existing Applications Mobile – Enabled

Unit - III Mobile Communication

Global System For Mobile Communication (GSM): Global system for Mobile Communication- GSM Architecture – GSM entities – Call routing in GSM, PLMN Interface – GSM Address Identifiers – Network aspects in GSM- GSM frequency allocation – Authentication and Security. Short Message Service (SMS): Mobile Computing over SMS - Short Message Service- Value added services through SMS – Accessing the SMS bearer.

Unit – IV: General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)

General Packet Radio Service (GPRS): Introduction – GPRS and packet data network – GPRS network architecture – GPRS network operations – Data services in GPRS – Applications for GPRS- limitations of GPRS – Billing and Charging in GPRS.Wireless Application Protocol (WAP): Introduction – WAP – MMS- GPRS application

Unit V CDMA AND 3G

CDMA AND 3G: Introduction – Spread spectrum technology – IS 95- CDMA versus GSM – Wireless data – Third generation network – Application on 3G. WIRELESS LAN: Introduction – Wireless LAN advantages – IEEE 802.11 standards – Wireless LAN architectures – Mobility in Wireless LAN – Deploying Wireless LAN – Mobile Ad-hoc network and sensor network – Wireless LAN Security – WiFi versus 3G.

Text Book:

1. Ashok K Talukder, Roopa R Yavagal, "Mobile Computing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing CompanyLtd, 2005.

Reference Books:

- 1. Jochen Schiller, (2004), "Mobile Communications", Second Edition, AddisionWesely Publications.
- 2. UWE Hansmann, LotherMerk, Martin.S, (2006), "Principles of Mobile Computing", Second Edition, Springer publications.
- 3 Jeyasri Arokiamary, (2005), "Mobile Communications", First Edition, Anuradha Agencies.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1	member the concept of Wireless LANs, PAN, Mobile	K1
	Networks	
CO2	Understand positioning techniques of location-based services	K2
	and applications	
CO3	Apply all techniques used in the GSM and GPRS	K3
CO4	Analyze CDMA and wireless LANS.	K4
CO5	Understand GPRS network operation	K2

MAPPING OF COs WITH POs AND PSOs:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITN216		CHOICE – VI		L	Т	P	C
SEMES	TER - II	DATA	A COMMUNICAT NETWORKIN		4	-	ı	4
Cogniti	ve Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	

Objectives:

- To educate the concepts of terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model, the TCP/IP reference model.
- To be familiar with the concepts of protocols such as TCP, UDP and IP, network interfaces
- To design/performance issues in local area networks and wide area networks.
- Introduce the student to a network routing for IP networks
- To check how a collision occurs and how to solve it and frame it with created and character count of each frame.

Unit -I: Introduction

Introduction To Data Communications and Networking: Introduction-Fundamental Concepts - Data Communication – Protocols – Standards – Signal Propagation – Analog and Digital Signals. Information Encoding: Representing Different Symbols – Minimizing Errors - Analog and Digital Transmission Methods – Modes of Data Transmission and Multiplexing. Transmission Errors: Detection and Correction.

Unit- II: Transmission Media

Transmission Media: Guided Media - Unguided Media. Network Topologies: Mesh, Star, Tree, Ring, Bus - Switching: Circuit switching, Message switching, Packet switching. Routing Algorithms: Routers and Routing - Factors affecting Routing Algorithms - Routing Algorithms - Approaches to Routing - Network Protocols and OSI Model

Unit-III: LAN

Local Area Networks (LAN), Metropolitan Area Networks (MAN) and Wide Area Networks (WAN): LAN- Ethernet – MAN – Switched Multimegabit Data Services (SMDS) - WAN – WAN Architecture - WAN Transmission Mechanism - WAN Addressing – Packet Forwarding – Aloha - Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) – X.25 Protocol – Frame Relay.

Unit- IV: ATM

ynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) - Internetworking Concepts, Devices, Internet Basics, History and Architecture – An Introduction to TCP / IP, IP, ARP, RARP, ICMP.

Unit- V: Transmission Control Protocol

Features of TCP, Relationship between TCP and IP *, Ports and Sockets, TCP connections, What makes TCP Reliable, TCP Packet Format – User Datagram Protocol (UDP): UDP Packet, Difference between UDP and TCP – Domain Name System (DNS) – Electronic Mail (Email) – File Transfer Protocol (FTP).

Text Book:

1. Achyut S. Godbole, (2007), "Data Communications and Networks", Ninth reprint, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.

Reference Books:

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, (2007), "Data Communications and Networking", Second Edition Update, Nineteenth reprint, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 2 Andrew S. Tanenbaum, (2001), "Computer Networks", Third Edition, Prentice Hall

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1	Remember the organization of computer networks, factors influencing computer network development and the reasons for having variety of different types of networks.	K1
CO2	Understand Internet structure and can see how standard problems are solved and the use of cryptography and network security	K2
CO3	Apply knowledge of different techniques of error detection and correction to detect and solve error bit during data transmission.	К3
CO4	Analyze the requirements for a given organizational structure and select;	K4
CO5	Understand the most appropriate networking architecture and technologies	K2

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITN217		CHOICE – VI	I	L	T	P	C
SEMESTER - II			CLOUD COMPUT	ING	4	-	-	4
Cognitive Level		K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	;

Objectives:	 To understand the basic knowledge about the cloud architecture.
	 To understand the knowledge of Cloud computing techniques
	 To gain knowledge of cloud services and cloud security.
	 To be able to understand about the Cloud Segment
	 To be able to understand Cloud Deployment Models and key
	cloud companies.

Unit –I: Introduction

Introduction - cloud computing at a glance – Historical development – Building cloud computing environment.

Unit- II: Parallel and Distributed Computing

Principles of parallel and distributed computing – Eras of computing – parallel Vs distributed computing – Elements of parallel computing – Elements of distributed computing – Technologies for distributed computing.

Unit- III: Architecture of Cloud Computing

Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction – Cloud reference model – Types of clouds – Organizational aspects.

Unit- IV: Applications of Cloud Computing

Cloud Applications: Scientific Applications: Healthcare —Business and Consumer Applications: CRM and ERP — Media Applications — Multiplayer Online gaming

Unit- V:Cloud Security

Cloud Security – Cloud Computing Concept – Cloud Risk – Cloud Security Tools and Techniques – Data Production in Cloud – Cloud Storage – Data Loss Prevention – Cloud Application Security – Security Assertion Markup Language.

Text Books:

- 1.Rajkumar Buyya, Christian vecchiola, Thamarai selvi, (2013), "Mastering Cloud computing", Mc Gram Hill Publication. (UNIT I to UNIT –IV)
- 2. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Deven N. Shan, (2007), "Security in Computing", Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall Publication. (UNIT –V)

Reference Book:

1. Judith Hurwitz, Robin Bloon, (2009), "Cloud Computing for Dummies"

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1	Identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing including SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, public cloud, private cloud, and hybrid cloud.						
CO2	Understand the core issues of cloud computing, security, privacy, and interoperability.						
CO3	Apply the appropriate technologies and approaches for the related issues in Cloud Computing.	К3					
CO4	Analyze the suitable cloud computing solutions and recommendations according to the applications used.	K4					
CO5	Understand the concepts of Multiplayer Online gaming	K2					

MAPPING OF COs WITH POS AND PSOS:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating M- Moderately Correlating W-Weakly Correlating

COURSE CODE SEMES	P21ITV41 STER - I	S	OFT COMPUTING	G LAB	L	T -	P .	C 2
	ive Level	K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze	
Course Ob	ojectives	 progra To gain proper To gain and fur Introd 	in a basic understand rty in neural network in a basic understand azzy logic theory. uce new concepts in roduce fuzzy theory	ling De Morgan ling of neural ne	s law etwork the	heor <u>v</u>	ý	

Section-A(Fuzzy Logic)

- 1. a) Write a program (m.file) to calculate union, intersection, complement and difference of two fuzzy sets.
- b) Write a program (m.file) to calculate the Demorgan's Law.
- 2. Find whether the given matrix is (a) reflexive (b) tolerance and (c) transitivity matrix or not.
- 3. Find whether the given matrix is symmetry or not.
- 4. Find the fuzzy relation between two vectors R and S

$$R= \\ 0.7 & 0.5 \\ 0.8 & 0.4 \\ S= \\ 0.9 & 0.6 & 0. \\ 2 \\ 0.1 & 0.7 & 0. \\ 5$$

Using max-product and max-min method

- 5. a) Use command line commands to display the Gaussian membership function. Given x = 0-10 with increment of 0.1 and Gaussian function is defined between 0.5 and -5. b) Use command line commands to display the triangular membership function. Given x = 0-10 withincrement of 0.2 triangular membership function is defined between [3 4 5].
- 6. Illustrate different types of generalized bell membership functions using a program
- 7. Using program find the crisp lambda cut set relations for λ =0.2, the fuzzy matrix is given by

$$R=$$
 0.2 0.7 0.8 1

1	0.9	0.5	0.1
0	0.8	1	0.6
0.	0.4	1	0.3

- 8. Temperature control of the reactor where the error and change in error is given to the controller. Here the temperature of the reactor is controlled by the temperature bath around the reactor thus the temperature is controlled by controlling the flow of the coolant in to the reactor. Form the membership function and the rule base using FIS editor.
- 9. Consider the water tank with following rules
- a) IF (level is okay) THEN (valve is no_change)(1)
- b) IF (level is low) THEN (valve is open_fast)(1)
- c) IF (level is high) THEN (valve is close_fast)(1)

Using Mamdani method and max—min method for fuzzification and method of centroid for de-fuzzification method construct a FIS. Before editing that rules, membership functions must be defined with membership function editor.

- 10. a)Formafuzzysystem, which approximates function f, when x[-10, 10]. Repeat the same by adding random, normally distributed noise with zero mean and Unit variance.
- b)Simulate the output when the input is sin(t). Observe what happens to the signal shape at the output.
- 11. Use Fuzzy Logic Toolbox to model the tip given after a dinner for two, where the food can be disgusting, not good, bland, satisfying, good, or delightful, and the service can be poor, average, or good. To get started, you type fuzzy in a window. Then use the fuzzy inference system and membership function editors to define and tune your rules.

Section-B (Neural Network)

- 12. Design networks of McCulloch –Pitts neurons that implement logical NOT, AND and OR gates. Draw each network and label all the weight and threshold values.
- 13. Derive expressions for the weights and thresholds of a McCulloch Pitts neuron that can compute the following input-output mappings: *in1 in2 out*

Write code for the above ANN.

14. Investigate the use of back-propagation learning using a sigmoidal non-linearity to achieve one-to-one mapping, as described here:

1.f(x) = 1/x	1	≤x≤100
2.f(x)	1	\leq x \leq 10
$=\log_{10}x$,		

3.f(x)=exp(-x),	1	\leq x \leq 10
$4.f(x) = \sin x$	0	$\leq x \leq \pi/2$

For each mapping, do the following:

- (a) Set up two sets of data, one for network training, and the other for testing.
- (b) Use the training data set compute the synaptic weights of the network, assumed to have a single hidden layer.
- (c) Evaluate the computation accuracy of the network by using the test data. Use a single layer but with a variable number of hidden neurons. Investigate how the net work performance is affected by varying the size of the hidden layer.
- 15. The data presented in the Table P4.17 show the weights of eye lenses of wild Australian rabbits as a function of age. No simple analytical function can exactly interpolate these data, because we do not have a single valued function. Instead, we have a nonlinear least squares model of this dataset, using a negative exponential, as described by $Y = 2.33.846(1 \exp(-0.006042x)) + \Box$

Where is an error term.

Using the back - propagation algorithm, design a multiplayer perceptron that provides a non linear least - squares approximation to this data set. Compare your result against the least - sequence model described.

TableP4.17Weights of Eye Lenses of Wild Australian Rabbits

Ages	Weigh	Ages	Weigh	Ages	Weigh	Ages	Weigh
	ts		ts	C	ts	C	ts
(days	(mg)	(day	(mg)	(day	(mg)	(day	(mg)
)		s)		s)		s)	
15	21.66	75	94.6	218	174.18	338	203.23
15	22.75	82	92.5	218	173.03	347	188.38
15	22.3	85	105	219	173.54	354	189.7
18	31.25	91	101.7	224	178.86	357	195.31
28	44.79	91	102.9	225	177.68	375	202.63
29	40.55	97	110	227	173.73	394	224.82
37	50.25	98	104.3	232	159.98	513	203.3
37	46.88	25	134.9	232	161.29	535	209.7
44	52.03	142	130.68	237	187.07	554	233.9
50	63.47	142	140.58	26	176.13	591	234.7
50	61.13	147	155.3	258	183.4	648	244.3
60	81	147	152.2	276	186.26	660	231
61	73.09	150	144.5	285	189.66	705	242.4
64	79.09	159	142.15	300	186.09	723	230.77
65	79.51	165	139.81	301	186.7	756	242.57
65	65.31	183	153.22	305	186.8	768	232.12
72	71.9	192	145.72	312	195.1	860	246.7

75	86.1	195	161.1	317	216.41	
, e	00.1	1 2/0	10111	0 2 ,		

Section –C (Genetic Algorithm)

16. Write a program to implement Roulette wheel and ranking selection method.

a) Write a program to maximize a function $f(x,y) = x\sin(4 - x) + y\sin(20x)$ subject to -3.0

Reference Books:

1.N.P.Padhy, S.P.Simon, Soft computing with P programming, Oxford University Press, First Edition, 2015.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the student are expected to

- CO1: Recall the fuzzy logic and the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory K1
- CO2: Understand the concepts of fuzzy sets, knowledge representation using fuzzy rules, approximate reasoning, fuzzy inference systems, and fuzzy logic K2
- CO3: To understand the fundamental theory and concepts of neural networks, Identify different neural network architectures, algorithms, applications and their limitations K2
- CO4: Apply the appropriate learning rules for each of the architectures and learn several neural network paradigms and its applications K3
- CO5: Analyze the different applications of these models to solve engineering and other problems. K4

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

COURSE CODE	P21ITV42	BIG	G DATA ANALYTI	ICS LAB	L	T	P	C		
SEMESTER - IV					2	-	-	2		
Cognitive Level		K1: Recall	K2: Understand	K3: Apply	K4: A	Anal	yze			
Course Objectives		To understand the Conceptualization and Summarization of								
		big d	lata							
		To understand Trivial data versus big data								
		To understand data computing technologies								
		The concepts of Machine learning techniques, and Sca					ng			
		up machine learning approaches are used.								
		• To u	nderstand Big data co	mputing technolo	gies usi	ing				
		funct	tions							

1. Installation of Hadoop:

Three modes of Installation

Stand Alone Mode:

Pseudo Distributed Mode:

Fully Distributed Mode

2. Weather Report POC-Map Reduce Program to analyse time – temperature statistics and generate report with max/min temperature.

Problem Statement:

- 1. The system receives temperatures of various cities (Austin, Boston, etc) of USA captured at regular intervals of time on each day in an input file.
- 2. System will process the input data file and generates a report with Maximum and Minimum temperatures of each day along with time.
- 3. Generate sa separate output report foreachcity.Ex:Austin-r-00000 Boston-r-00000 Newjersy-r-00000 Baltimore-r-00000 California-r-00000 Newyork-r-00000
- 3. Implementing Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop MapReduce
- 4. Pig Latin Scripts to sort, group, join, project, and filter our data.
- 5. Hive Databases, Tables, Views, Functions and Indexes
- 6. Hive Functions:

a. Built-in Functions

- 1. Collection Functions
- **2.** Date Functions
- **3.** Mathematical Functions
- **4.** Conditional Functions
- **5.** String Functions
- **6.** Miscellaneous Functions

b. UDFs (User Defined Function)

Course outcomes:

- CO1: Recall and identify the characteristics of datasets and compare the trivial data and big data for various applications K1
- CO2: Apply to select and implement machine learning techniques and computing environment that are suitable for the applications under consideration K3
- CO3: Understand the problems associated with batch learning and online learning, and the big data characteristics such as high dimensionality, dynamically growing data and in particular scalability issues. K2
- CO4: Understand and apply scaling up machine learning techniques and associated computing techniques and technologies. K2
- CO5: Analyze and Design to recognize and implement various ways of selecting suitable model parameters for different machine learning techniques K3, K4

Mapping Of COs with POs and PSOs

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	M
CO2	S	S	M	S	M	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	M	S
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	M	S
CO5	S	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S

S – Strongly Correlating

M- Moderately Correlating

W-Weakly Correlating
